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THE WEEKLY GAZETTE
TWO EDITIONS,
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY.
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The Pittsburgh Gazette

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL:
J. F. HARTRANFT.
FOR SURVEYOR GENERAL:
JACOB M. CAMPBELL.

NEW HAMPSHIRE.

The election in this State on Tuesday was for a Governor, five Councillors, twelve Senators and over three hundred Representatives, with a Railroad Commissioner and numerous county and town officers. National politics have entirely controlled the contest, and the result, upon a vote larger than ever before given in the State, is eminently satisfactory. Upon a vote of 71,591 in 1860, the Republican majority was 4,483; upon a vote of 68,346, in 1864, the majority was 5,666. The vote of 1860 was the largest ever cast in the State before this week. The indications now are that the total vote of last Tuesday reaches at least 75,000, and upon this vote the Republicans give HARRIMAN at least 3,000 majority, elect four of the five Councillors, and have some seventy majority in the other branch of the Legislature.

The impeachment has been made the great issue in the canvass, and the popular interest in that question, not less than the extraordinary efforts of politicians, have probably brought out within a very few hundreds of every legal vote in the State. In no New England State does partizan feeling run higher than in New Hampshire, and in none is there a more intelligent population. The result is, therefore, a glorious triumph for the Republican interpretation of Constitutional and Popular Rights.

Dispatches indicating a Waterloo defeat for the friends of "my policy" in New Hampshire were received at Washington on the afternoon of the election day, and were immediately communicated to the President, who was then holding a Cabinet meeting. It is reported, no doubt with truth, that the "humble individual" and his advisers were stunned as by a thunderbolt, and the meeting immediately broke up. Let them heed the omen!

THE New York Democratic Convention was held yesterday at Albany. Its members without any ceremony threw overboard Mr. Pendleton and declared Mr. Seymour their choice for the Presidency. Nor was that the strangest proceeding. The seductive greenback policy which has already entered so largely into the advance campaign of the Democracy was repudiated in a set speech by Mr. Seymour, made after his recommendation for the Presidency, and the platform adopted for the Empire State ingeniously ignores the fact that any financial question will enter the forthcoming Presidential canvass. We have already predicted as much. The Democracy thrust for so union a question on the people which tickles the Western masses as well as the middle [illegible] of the country, but proves obnoxious to the wealthy schemers who manipulate at pleasure the machinery of that organization. In taking no action on the bond question the New York Convention displayed a lack of moral courage, fearing to meet a live issue with honesty and frankness, preferring to ignore it entirely rather than lose the prestige it has already obtained with the masses of the party in the West. Thus it seems that with the Democracy palatable and digestible political food in some quarters is poisonous and unpalatable in others.

THE REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION was held yesterday at Philadelphia and was largely attended. Full reports of the proceedings will be found in our telegraph columns. The Convention instructed the State delegates to the National Convention at Chicago, to support GRANT for President and CURTIN for Vice President. The re-nomination of Messrs. HARTRANFT and CAMPBELL for Auditor General and Surveyor General, was a well deserved compliment paid officers of the commonwealth who have faithfully served the people in their respective positions. With such leaders success at the ballot box in October is a certain and foregone conclusion. The Convention was harmonious and much unanimity of feeling and sentiment prevailed.

Mr. GROW and GOV. GEARY yesterday withdrew their names from the canvass for the Vice Presidential recommendation of the State Republican Convention, thus leaving the field clear to Mr. CURTIN. This course was very honorable and praiseworthy in those gentlemen, as both would have developed considerable strength had they remained in the contest. They preferred that harmony and unanimity of action should prevail in the ranks of the party rather than receive personal honor or advancement. Their care for the best interests of the party will be accepted as new evidence of their integrity and worth, and will be gratefully remembered, when the proper opportunity is afforded, by the loyal masses of the Commonwealth.

THE UNION watchfires in Kentucky are burning up brightly again. There are cheering signs of a general reaction throughout the State, and, under the lead of BAKER, the gallant Republican nominee for Governor, of Col. JACKSON, of Gen. HOBSON and of Hon. W. H. WADSWORTH, of Maysville, who has left the Conservatives in disgust, the cause of the Union and of Republicanism will not only deserve but will yet win success.

A LEADING Democrat in the Ohio Legislature is said to have declared in a debate on Saturday last, that he "*would rather trust the Democracy in political matters than God Almighty.*" Would it be unjust to intimate that this frank avowal no more than expresses the long-cherished principle of many of the leaders of that party?

THE first number of the Cincinnati *Evening Chronicle* comes to us, a neatly printed and carefully edited journal, while its columns have a business look, which augurs favorably for its financial success. Republicanism has a new advocate and should sustain it as it deserves.

—The workmen in the shops of the Nashville and Chattanooga Railroad at Nashville are on a strike. They have been receiving heretofore double pay for all work after hours or on Sunday. An order has recently been issued to the effect that the men shall receive only the regular pay for any such extra labor. Hence the strike.

—Advices received from South America, announce that the cholera is making terrible ravages in the Argentine Confederation. At Buenos Ayres much indignation is expressed at the cowardice of the physicians and people in flying from the country. In Cordova the victims number seven thousand.

FIRST EDITION.

MIDNIGHT.

UNION REPUBLICAN STATE CONVENTION.

Grant and Curtin for President and Vice President.

The Platform Adopted.

Public Debt to be Paid According to its Legal Requirements

Generals Hartranft and Campbell Unanimously Nominated for Auditor General and Surveyor General.

(Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

PHILADELPHIA, March 11, 1868.

The State Republican Convention was called to order at eleven o'clock, in the Academy of Music, by Col. Frank Jordan, Chairman of the State Executive Committee, who made an eloquent speech, referring to past trials and certain triumphs in the future.

Col. William B. Mann, of Philadelphia, was elected temporary Chairman. He also made a speech. He referred to the New Hampshire election, which elicited enthusiastic cheers, as also did allusions to General Grant and ex-Governor Curtin.

The usual Committees on Organization and Resolutions were appointed.

Hon. Lemuel Todd, of Carlisle, was elected President, and made a speech, endorsing Congress (enthusiastic cheers) and favoring Grant and Curtin for President and Vice President.

CHOICE FOR PRESIDENT.

H. Bucher Swoop, of Clearfield, moved to nominate Grant for President and Curtin for Vice President.

Mr. Russell Errett, of Allegheny, moved to nominate Curtin and insert Hon. B. F. Wade.

Mr. John S. Mann, of Potter, called for a division on the question.

A vote was taken and Gen. Grant declared to be the unanimous choice for President. [Loud cheers.]

FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Mr. McClure moved for a calling of the roll, each delegate to vote his preference for Vice President. Carried.

The roll was called. Andrew G. Curtin received one hundred and nine votes; Benjamin F. Wade twenty-two; Edwin M. Stanton one.

Mr. Marshall, of Allegheny, voted for Curtin. The rest of the Allegheny delegation, with Messrs. McIntyre and Marks, of Philadelphia, Wiley, of Lancaster, Barner, of Somerset, Barr, of Dauphin, Knorr, of Northumberland, Goodrich, of Bradford, Brower, of Montour, Hoffman and Clyde, of Dauphin Potts, of Somerset, Mann, of Potter, Frazier, of York, Gehr, of Franklin, and McCormick, of Venango, voted for Benjamin F. Wade.

Mr. Moore, of Washington, voted for Edwin M. Stanton.

RESOLUTIONS.

Mr. Cochran, of York, reported resolutions from the Committee, strongly endorsing Grant and Curtin; denouncing President Johnson; strongly approving the policy of Congress and impeachment; calling for the payment of the public debt according to its legal requirements; citing the Declaration of Independence as the basis of Republican sentiments; calling for economy in public expenditures and reduction of taxation; thanking the soldiers and sailors for their services and Stanton for his course; calling on the Senate to remove President Johnson speedily; approving of a registry law, asking the protection of naturalized citizens abroad, and endorsing Governor Geary's administration.

NOMINATIONS.

General John F. Hartranft, was nominated for Auditor General and General J. M. Campbell for Surveyor General, both unanimously.

INSTRUCTING DELEGATES.

A resolution instructing all delegates to Chicagoto vote as a unit for Grant and Curtin excited discussion. Curtin was strongly opposed by Messrs. Mann of Potter, Bayne, Marshall, Purviance and Errett of Allegheny, and supported by Messrs. Swope of Clearfield, Mann of Philadelphia, and Co-hrane. The vote on the resolution was, yeas ninety-eight, nays forty.

The other resolutions were adopted unanimously.

Adjourned to seven o'clock p. m.

CURTIN DELEGATES TO BE SENT TO CHICAGO.

Previous to adjournment this afternoon Mr. McClure introduced a resolution authorizing the chair to appoint a committee of one from each Congressional District to report delegates from each to the Chicago Convention and one elector, and to select those already appointed, if Curtin men; if not, to select others.

On this question a debate came on at the evening session, and speeches were made against it by Messrs. Errett, Mann of Potter, Bayne and McCormick, and for it by Messrs. McClure and Mann of Philadelphia.

The resolution then passed—yeas, eighty-four; nays, forty-seven.

The Convention then adjourned.

[*By Associated Press.*]

PHILADELPHIA, March 11.—The Republican State Convention was called to order by Col. Jordan, Chairman of the State Central Committee. Wm. B. Mann, of Philadelphia, presided temporarily, and was succeeded by General Lemuel Todd, of Cumberland county.

The Convention proceeded to ballot as a means of ascertaining the preferences of members for candidates for President and Vice President, and declared for Grant unanimously. For Vice President, Andrew G. Curtin received 109, B. F. Wood 22, and E. M. Stanton 1.

Hartranft and Campbell were unanimously nominated for re-election as Auditor General and Surveyor General.

The following were chosen electors at large: C. Morrison Coates, of Philadelphia; Thomas M. Marshall, Pittsburgh.

The following were chosen delegates at large: Colonel J. W. Forney, James Orne, of Philadelphia; General Harry White, of Indiana; E. Reed Myer, of Hartford; W. Blanchard, of Lawrence; Thomas E. Cochrane, of York; Linn Bartholemew, of Schuylkill, and Gen. Wm. Lilly, of Carbon.

The following resolutions were adopted:

That the great Republican party of America, without which the rebellion against the Government would have consummated the division of the Union and the perpetuation of human slavery, with the aid, comfort and full approval of the present Democratic party, is in the fore front of another peril and another trial. Electing its candidate for President in 1856, and re-electing him in 1864, it is called upon to decide whether all the sacrifices of blood and treasure have not only been in vain, but are simply contributions for the restoration of treason, under the influence of a man, who, clothed with the confidence of his country, is prevented from overthrowing the Government solely by the wise and patriotic stand taken by a loyal Congress,

That we add our voice to the loud acclaim in favor of General U. S. Grant as the Republican candidate for President, and in so doing feel that we are not simply responding to the wishes of constituents, or helping to pay a portion of the debt we owe to that great soldier, but preparing the way for that substantial triumph which, while perpetuating the Republican party, preserves and perpetuates Republican creeds.

That we earnestly call upon the Senate of the United States, sitting as a Court of Impeachment, to proceed without fear, favor or affection, and that the people of Pennsylvania will stand by and maintain the just judgment of the law.

That the soldiers and sailors of the Union, who fought and conquered armed rebellion in the field, and stood true to the principles which they vindicated and the flag which floated overthem and led them to victory, are entitled to the undying gratitude of the loyal people, and as they saved the country by trials, sufferings and sacrifices, they have considerable claims to the highest honors of the nation.

That we tender our most cordial thanks to Edwin M. Stanton, for the firmness, courage and patriotism with which he has maintained the majesty of the law and the rights of the people against the attempted invasions of faithless Executive and his purchased instruments.

That as experience is alike the best instructor of man and nations, so the experience of the rebellion gives us renewed confidence in the pledges and precepts of the Declaration of Independence, and with these as our guiding stars the Republican party must always succeed.

That no contract so eloquent could be presented as that between the loud professions of Andrew Johnson and the silent patriotism of Ulysses S. Grant; that as one deals in promises to deceive, the other deals in acts that convince, and that while Johnson has fallen rapidly away from his many voluntary covenants, Grant has accepted equal justice and Radical Republicanism as part alike of conscience and duty.

That the public debt, incurred for the purpose of preserving the existence of the nation, is a sacred obligation, binding the people to its payment in the utmost good faith to the full extent of the legal requirements; that the greatest requirements of prudence and judgment are still required, and should, as far as attainable, be employed at once to maintain the public faith and credit and render the burden as light as practicable upon the productive industry of the country and the wages and reward of labor; that it is the dictate of sound policy, as well of greatest wisdom, that the domestic industry of the country should be equitably and properly protected against foreign competition by adequate tariff laws, and that in whatever particular the existing laws on the subject are defective, they should be amended and made efficient for that purpose, as well as the purpose of raising revenue for the Government.

That by the election of Gen. Grant to the Presidency, all domestic dissensions and factious opposition to the complete reconstruction of the Union, on the firm foundation of the wise and beneficious legislation of Congress, will be immediately suppressed and harmony and good feeling restored, settled relations of business established, and the revival and improvement of all disturbed sources of national wealth and prosperity be secured, when it is at once made manifest that the people of this country are literally in their determined purpose that the fruits of the late bloody and obstinate struggle shall not be lostand that factious and rebellious resistance to the laws shall be effectually overthrown, which attempted to subvert the Government by savage cruelty, rapine and murder.

That Pennsylvania proudly tenders to the loyal people of the Union Hon. Andrew G. Curtin, its great war Governor, and the Soldier's friend.

That every American citizen, whether by birth or adoption, is entitled to the protection of the nation and its flag, and while it is incumbent on the Government to institute negotiations for the establishment of international law for expatriation, recognizing naturalization and permanently terminating the allegiance due to another, and conferring all rights of citizenship, it is no less its duty to vindicate its people of all classes from oppression or interference at home and abroad in the full enjoyment of the legitimate and successful exercise of legal and personal rights.

That delegates from Pennsylvania to the National Republican Convention in Chicago are instructed to cast their votes as a unit, through its Chairman, in favor of Grant for President and Curtin for Vice President, and that the delegates declared the choice of the people of the State for those positions, and that the right of substitution for absent delegates shall be solely with the delegation from the State.

Considerable opposition was made to the last resolution. The resolutions were then individually and all except the lastadopted.

At the evening session a lengthy discussion ensued upon the question of instructing the delegation to the National Convention to vote as a unit for candidates.

The electoral ticket was provided for, and the Convention adjourned *sine die* at a late hour.

NEW HAMPSHIRE ELECTION

The Vote the Largest Ever Polled in the State—Harriman Re-Elected by Three Thousand—Republican Majority—Legislature Largely Republican.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CONCORD, N. H., March 11.—Returns from one hundred and seventy-five townsgive Harriman, Republican, 22,792; Sinclair, Democrat, 30,907. Republican majority, 2,885. Fifty-eight towns and small places remain to be heard from which are about equally Republican and Democratic. It is probable that Harriman's majority will be about three thousand. The whole vote will probably exceed seventy-two thousand, the largest vote ever polled in the State. The Legislature is largely Republican.

The Republicans elect four out of five Councillors and nine out of twelve Senators. They have probably about seventy majority. Harriman's majority is somewhat reduced from last year.

CONCORD, March 11.—Returns from one hundred and seventy-eight towns give Harriman 37,438; Sinclair 21,217; scattering 3,103. Harriman's plurality 3,221. There are fifty-three towns to hear from, which last year stood Harriman, 4,800; Sinclair, 5,514. The aggregate vote this year will probably reach 76,500.

NORWICH, CONN., March 11.—News from New Hampshire, caused great excitement in this city. At midnight, in spite of the rain, a salute was fired in honor of the success of the Republicans. A special from Washington, D. C., says: There is great rejoicing here among the Republicans over the result of the New Hampshire election, and a corresponding despondency among the Democrats. But few of the latter were expecting such a signal triumph for the Republican ticket. Yesterday they were in high spirits, and boldly proclaimed that the impeachment movement would give New Hampshire to the Democrats. Extensive preparations had been made for a celebration here Tuesday night by them. Powder had been purchased to be used freely; bands of music were engaged to serenade the leading Democrats and the President, and there was to have been a grand old fashioned glorification. About two o'clock, while the Cabinet was in session, Col. Thomas Florence received the first dispatches from New Hampshire, stating that that State had hopelessly gone for the Radicals. He rushed to the White House, and discharging the door-keepers, interrupted the Cabinet meeting with the announcement. It came like a thunderbolt to A. J. and his advisers, and the Cabinet meeting ended. As the fight in New Hampshire was made directly on the impeachment question by the Radicals, they maintain that it shows conclusively that the people now demand that it be pressed through.

The Latest

CONCORD, N. H., March 11.—Corrected returns from one hundred and eighty-one towns foot up Harriman 34,803, and Sinclair 31,756.

FLOOD IN THE WEST.

Ice Gorge at Rock Island—Bridges, Boats, &c., Carried Off.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

ROCK ISLAND, March 11.—The ice gorged below the city yesterday afternoon, causing a rapid rise in the river. At nine o'clock two-thirds of the city was flooded, and the people on several streets were taken from their houses in small boats. The Arsenal bridge has been carried away, causing a loss of fourteen thousand dollars. Eight flat boats, valued at thirty thousand dollars, used on the river improvements, were carried down the stream and will prove a total loss. Considerable damage has already been done in Davenport, Iowa.

DAVENPORT, Iowa, March 11.—The gorge gave way last night. The river fell rapidly, and is now entirely free from ice. The bridge of the Rock Island and Pacific Railroad has been seriously damaged. Trains will not be able to cross for some time. One of the solid stone piers was carried twenty feet down stream.

New Jersey Charter Elections.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette)

CAMDEN, N. J., March 11.—The whole Republican city ticket was elected yesterday by seventy majority. A gain of 223.

BRIGHTON, N. J., March 11.—The city election yesterday was carried by the Democrats, who gained 112 from last spring.

FROM WASHINGTON.

[Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 11th, 1868.

REPORTERS SUMMONED.

Messrs. M'Laiven and Sheridan, two newspaper reporters, who accompanied the President on his western tour, have arrived here to testify before the Impeachment Managers concerning his speeches. Other reporters have been summoned.

EXPATRIATION QUESTION.

Mr. Van Trump, in a speech in the House yesterday, favored the amendment of the bill from the Committee on foreign affairs so as to allow American citizens emigrating to another country the right to declare their intention and to make it a matter of record in the Federal Courts, to simplify and render certain the evidence of his expatriation. He was also in favor of providing by law that such persons could only again become citizens of the government in accordance with the naturalization laws, like other aliens.

MAIL ROUTE TRANSFERRED.

The Postoffice Department to-day ordered the Baltimore and Washington mails for and from New Orleans to be transferred to the route via Lynchburgh, Va., the Knoxville and Chattanooga Railroad Company having submitted a new schedule and promising sure connections in the future. The mails between New York, Philadelphia and New Orleans will continue on the route via Louisville, Ky., until the performances of the Knoxville route under the new schedule are fairly tested.

MONTANA TERRITORY.

John H. Bruce, of Montana, is here for the purpose of obtaining an enabling act for the admission of that Territory into the Union as a State. He represents he has received much encouragement from members, and states Montana has sixty-five thousand inhabitants.

THE GERMAN NATURALIZATION TREATY.

The Senate Committee of Foreign Relations had a protracted discussion this morning over the Bancroft treaty between the German Confederation and the United States, relative to the rights of naturalized American citizens. With the exception of one unimportant amendment he treaty will be reported to the Senate as it came from the State Department.

NOMINATIONS PASSED UPON.

The Senate in executive session confirmed the nomination of J. Ross Browne as Minister to China, and Chas. K. Tuckerman as Minister resident to Greece.

IMPEACHMENT

A Correspondent Has an Interview With the President.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 11th, 1868.

The *World's* correspondent gives the details of an interview with President Johnson on the subject of impeachment, during which the President stated that he should respond to the summons to appear by counsel, and after a long consultation upon the merits and demerits of the charges brought against him, concluded the interview by saying:

The managers of impeachment and others who applaud them are, in a certain sense, inconsistent. Recalling the time, on the eve of the rebellion, when I stood in the Senate almost alone in insisting upon the duty of the Government to uphold the Constitution and the Union against the traitors who threatened both, I recall a class of men in and out of Congress who have been ready to defend either. Standing on the same platform that I occupied then, I look around and see these men hold enough, in place of their former weakness, to disregard the cleared provisions of constitutional law. What is the war to me when I look to see none except a wordy part, they have returned to their original status as coll[illegible] that the laws for Ireland should be framed to suit the wishes of the people; that the present church, school and land tenure systems are unjust; and that in the opinion of this House the wrongs should be righted.

James Obelirne, member for Cashel, in the course of his remarks declared a large body of the Irish were sympathizers with the Fenians. He replied at length to the attack made upon Ireland by Mr. Roebuck.

Earl Mayo, Chief Secretary for Ireland, made a long and able speech. He admitted great discontent prevailed in Ireland, but said it was exclusively nourished by the Irish in America. The Irish living in Australia or Canada felt no discontent, and even in Ireland the feeling was confined to the lower classes only. There was no prominent Fenian leader in Ireland who was not aided and pushed by friends in the United States. He repelled the charge of English misgovernment. The members of the present government at Dublin were nearly all Irishmen, and the police force was composed entirely of natives. He denied that Ireland was governed for the advantage of England. Her wealth had been increased within the last quarter of a century. English capital was applied to the development of her resources and improvement of her condition. The rate of wages was low, but it was improving. The consumption of spirits, which is the best test of the people's material prosperity, was increasing. There was nothing else which would serve to indicate the prostration and decay spoken of, except the decline of crime. He advocated the maintenance of the present policy, but promised that a bill would soon be introduced for the relief of tenants.

At the conclusion of Earl Mayo's speech, the debate was adjourned till next Thursday.

The House of Commons, this evening, in Committee of the Whole, agreed to report for the passage of a bill introduced by Mr. Gladstone for the abolition of church rates.

DUBLIN, March 11.—Great preparations are being made here and in other parts of Ireland for the reception of the Prince of Wales.

CORK, March 11.—The trial of Captain Mackay was concluded to-day. The jury brought in a verdict of not guilty of the charge of murder.

GEN. DIX IN LONDON.

LONDON, March 11.—General Dix, American Minister to France, has arrived in this city. It is understood he will remain two or three weeks. He is said to be here on business connected with the question of the Alabama claims.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, March 11.—The treaty just concluded between the North German Confederation and the United States, providing for the protection of the rights of naturalized citizens, was to-day unanimously ratified by the Federal Council.

It is reported here a proposition has been made to Lord Stanley to submit the Alabama claims to the arbitration of Prussia, and that he was willing to entertain the proposition so far as itapplied to the question of indemnity, but refused to submit other points in dispute.

ITALY.

ROME, March 11.—One hundred Canadian Zouaves who volunteered for the Papal service have arrived here.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, March 11.—Consols closed at 93⅞@93⅞; Five-twenties 71@71⅛; Illinois Central 80½; Erie 49¼.

FRANKFORT, March 11.—U. S. bonds 75⅝@75¾.

LIVERPOOL, March 11.—Cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 10½@10d; Orleans 10½@10¾d. Breadstuffs and Provisions quiet and unchanged. Produce dull. Rosin 7s 6d. Medium Rosin 12s 1d. Turpentine 34s 6d. Others unsettled.

ANTWERP, March 11.—Petroleum advanced to 43 francs 50 centimes.

Manufacturers Rejoicing.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DETROIT, March 11.—One hundred guns were fired here to-day in celebration of the passage in the House of Representatives of the bill to repeal the Internal revenue tax on all manufactures.

—At Albany, N. Y., Tuesday night, an affray took place between Charles Brundage and his mistress, Mary Hargis, during which he stabbed her in several places, injuring her so severely that her recovery is very doubtful. Brundage is under arrest.

SECOND EDITION.

THREE O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Latest Cable Dispatches.

Debate on the Condition of Ireland

In English House of Commons.

Prince of Wales visit to Ireland.

German Naturalization Treaty Ratified.

Alabama Claims to Arbitration of Prussia.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

GREAT BRITAIN.

THE CONDITION OF IRELAND.

LONDON, March 11.—In the House of Commons last night, John Francis Maguire, member for Cork, in moving that the House go into Committee on the state of Ireland, said, though Ireland was a part of the empire, and was now peaceful, yet the personal liberty of every man in that country was at the mercy of spies, police or government officials, and this state of things existed when the records of the courts showed there were few cases of ordinary crime. He then quoted statistics of pauperism, emigration and other evils. The country, he declared, was decaying, and its people in despair. Discontent was a word inadequate to express the state of feeling. He denied the correctness of the assertion made by Lord Kimberly, that the farming class in Ireland were loyal. The cruelty of the past had made a deep impression upon the Irish people, and the effect of all future laws should be to obliterate these bitter remembrances. The laws in regard to tenure of land were defective and operated so disastrously that the means of a tenant, which were good two years ago, are now worthless. He denounced London guilds, which held large tracts of Irish land, for their cruelty to tenants. Ireland needed no commissions of inquiry on the established Church. That Church was not suited to the majority of the people, who dissented from it. What would the people of England think or do, if Dr. Manning should lay claim and occupy the See of Canterbury? Exeter Hall would revolt, and the religious ultraist would join the ranks of the Fenians.

Mr. Charles Neale, member for Oxford City, regretted Mr. Maguire had offered no plan for the solution of the question.

After speeches from C. Derby Griffith, member for Devizes, and Sir Frederick Heygate, member from Londonderry, Lord Clinton moved the adoption by the House in Committee of a resolution, in substance as follows:

That the discontent of Ireland is a source of uneasiness to the empire and [illegible] that the laws for

[illegible] of the people; that the present church, school and land tenure systems are unjust; and that in the opinion of this House the wrongs should be righted.

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It is reported here a proposition has been made to Lord Stanley to submit the Alabama claims to the arbitration of Prussia, and that he was willing to entertain the proposition so far as itapplied to the question of indemnity, but refused to submit other points in dispute.

ITALY.

ROME, March 11.—One hundred Canadian Zouaves who volunteered for the Papal service have arrived here.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

LONDON, March 11.—Consols closed at 93⅞@93⅞; Five-twenties 71@71⅛; Illinois Central 80½; Erie 49¼.

FRANKFORT, March 11.—U. S. bonds 75⅝@75¾.

LIVERPOOL, March 11.—Cotton closed quiet; middling uplands 10½@10d; Orleans 10½@10¾d. Breadstuffs and Provisions quiet and unchanged. Produce dull. Rosin 7s 6d. Medium Rosin 12s 1d. Turpentine 34s 6d. Others unsettled.

ANTWERP, March 11.—Petroleum advanced to 43 francs 50 centimes.

Manufacturers Rejoicing.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

DETROIT, March 11.—One hundred guns were fired here to-day in celebration of the passage in the House of Representatives of the bill to repeal the Internal revenue tax on all manufactures.

—At Albany, N. Y., Tuesday night, an affray took place between Charles Brundage and his mistress, Mary Hargis, during which he stabbed her in several places, injuring her so severely that her recovery is very doubtful. Brundage is under arrest.

THE INDIANS.

Friendly Feeling Manifested—Garrisons to be Withdrawn—Depredations in Montana.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, March 11.—Advices received at the Military Headquarters here from Fort Laramie say: The Indians who have congregated at this post manifest a very friendly feeling, and have come in for the express purpose of meeting the Peace Commissioners with a view of making a treaty with them. Dr. Matthews, Special Indian Agent, who had an interview with them, left this post near Fort Phil. Kearney last month, reports them in favor of peace with the whites. Red Cloud, the most hostile of the Sioux chiefs, and all of the upper Indians were there. Couriers *en route* for Laramie, to meet the Peace Commission.

General Sherman has received instructions from Washington to withdraw the garrisons from the forts on the Powder and Phil. Kearney as soon as the season will permit. These troops will be distributed to other posts, because the line on which they are at present located is scarcely required for the protection of the travel of the Missouri river via Fort Benton. They also prefer to travel by way of the Pacific railroad to its terminus, and thence by the old route.

Montana papers contradict the reports of the burning of Kennedy's ranche and the capture of Mrs. Kennedy and her children. The report was started by the Indians themselves. The whites are living, and their committing a number of depredations. The commanding officer at Fort Shaw placed a sufficient escort for Wells, Fargo & Co.'s coaches, running from Helena to Fort Benton, securing the safety of travel.

Several hundred settlers of Trinity Gulch and Prickly Pear Valley have petitioned the Governor of Montana to furnish them arms and ammunition for the purpose of defending themselves against the Indians. Governor Smith ordered Col. Scribner to proceed to the threatened locality, and upon investigation to furnish the needed arms and ammunition to the citizens.

NEW ORLEANS.

Arrest for Perjury—Fire at Jackson Texas—Riot Laws.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

NEW ORLEANS, March 11.—Governor Baker appeared before United States Commissioner Shannon, yesterday, to answer to the charge of perjury in taking the oath of office, and was released on giving bonds in two thousand dollars to appear at a future day. The affidavit making the charge is signed by Henry Dennis, "his mark." Dennis is a negro.

The total loss by the fire at Jefferson, Texas, on the night of the 29th ult., foots up over a million of dollars. The Phœnix and Etna Insurance Companies are the principal losers.

The City Council last night adopted resolutions requesting Gen. Hancock to suspend the laws staying the collection of back taxes as a means of improving the condition of the city finances.

DARING ROBBERY.

Express Messenger Knocked Senseless in His Car and Robbed of $20,000.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CINCINNATI, March 11.—S. B. Hayman, American Express Messenger on the Hamilton and Dayton train, due here at ten o'clock, was knocked senseless while counting his packages of money by some persons unknown, who entered the car by means of a key after the train left Lockland. The robber escaped at the next station, carrying with him packages containing $20,000. The messenger was discovered in a bleeding and senseless condition by a brakeman on the train. He is very seriously injured and now delirious. The money belonged to parties in Indiana and Illinois.

South Carolina Republican Convention.

(By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.)

CHARLESTON, March 11.—The interest in the Constitutional Convention has been transferred to the Republican State Convention which met last night, to nominate candidates for State officers. Both Conventions are in a great measure identical and a large majority negroes. The nominating Convention sat with close doors, excluding reporters. It has transpired, that after a stormy session General R. K. Scott, Assistant Commissioner of the Freedmen's Bureau, was nominated for Governor. The nominations are considered equivalent to an election.

NEW YORK DEMOCRACY.

Seymour Their Choice for President.

Address of Mr. Seymour.

Appeal to the Bondholders to Aid the Democratic Party.

NOT GREENBACKS FOR BONDS.

The Platform Adopted.

Seymour and the President.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

ALBANY, March 11.—The Democratic State Convention was called to order by Samuel J. Tilden, and Marshall B. Chaplain was appointed President. A committee was appointed to report names for delegates to the National Convention, who were instructed to vote as a unit in accordance with the will of the majority thereof. The Committee on Resolutions offered the name of Horatio Seymour as the preference of the Convention for the Presidency, which was referred. Subsequently the Convention responded to the request.

Mr. Seymour still address the Convention, and it took a recess.

SPEECH OF MR. SEYMOUR.

Upon the re-assembling of the Convention Governor Seymour was loudly called for and received with repeated cheers. After discussing other topics, he spoke at length on the financial question. While he opposed the national bank system and favored the taxation of government bonds, he said: We must be honest in our intentions, however important, upon which there is so much doubt, and which cannot be settled in many years to come. We must not thus turn away the public creditor. The danger is that we shall sweep the immediate destruction of our government and the liberty of our people. Even now the hand of usurpation is stretched out to rob us of our rights, and it must be met at the first assault. Before the year our views may be of the payment of the debt, it will fall upon the future. Do what we may, a generation that will come after us will decide the question. Repudiation in regard to anything we may say. The depressed industry of the land demands that the load of taxation shall be lightened. Our debt is not due to-day, nor to-morrow, nor for many years. How very few of those who now discuss this question will be living then. If in the meanwhile our country is well governed, if there is economy in public affairs, and the industry of our people shall be unimpaired, our population will be increased from thirty-five to fifty millions, and our wealth will be more than doubled. Then this debt will be but a feather upon the strong shoulders and greater wealth than it oppresses the depressed industry and the disheartened spirit of the people. We deeply regret that our position should be censured in any quarter, but we will not betray those who [illegible] to its support. It is enough that honor is the only thing we would stoop to aught that is less than honorable. Even policy would dictate that this great State should be held firm and steadfast in its position, if we hope to save our country from the dangers in which it is. There is a perfect accord in the Democratic ranks as to the policy and need of honesty and economy, but there is some difference of opinion as to the means of securing lower taxes and public creditors. Some hold it is right and is due to the tax payers that we should save what we could by paying the principal of the debt in currency; but I do not agree to their own arguments. It is a mistake to suppose the interest of the bondholders and tax payers are antagonistic. The fact is overlooked that in order to make any saving in the debt the bondholder a worthless paper, we would bring upon ourselves disaster and dishonor, which will cost a hundred fold what we can save. It means we have to go back to labor for this half a base currency. It means the honor of our country shall be stained; that our business shall be thrown into confusion; that the laboring man shall suffer by the increased cost of comforts of life; that tax payers shall be burthened by a government proved to be corrupt and faithless, and by this act deprived of its money. We cannot afford to speculate upon the nation's honor at so fearful a cost. If we come into power, there will be no discredit on our currency, no speculation in gold, no fluctuation in paper. I thank God the faith which we all hold as one man seeks to level up, not to level down. While, therefore, we may differ as to the construction of the contract with the public creditors, we must not confound the position of those who think it right to pay paper, but no battle to be fought in that issue, with the position of those who mean to pay not any, but who are destroying the value of that pa

The Pittsburgh Gazette

THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1868.

MR. JOHNSON has taken his "led captain," Thomas, to quarters in the White House, as Secretary of War *ad interim*. He proposes to set up a rival War Office of his own, keeping it under his own eye and requiring all papers from Gen. Grant to be forwarded to him direct. He will go a step farther in a day or two, it is said, and issue orders through Thomas as Secretary *de facto*. The malicious intent will be to "corner" Grant in a disobedience of such orders. He will probably be gratified in that respect, for the General will follow the example of Mr. McCulloch, who honors Mr. Stanton's requisitions while Thomas cannot get a dollar from the Treasury. Mr. Johnson's play is rapidly descending from genteel comedy to a miserable farce, and his advisers should recommend him to abandon it for some new sensation.

THE House having almost unanimously passed the bill, from the Ways and Means Committee, relieving from internal tax all manufactures except tobacco, oil, gas, liquors and wines, refusing at the instance of the Committee, to entertain a proposition for the reduction of the whisky tax to fifty cents, the suggestion of the Retrenchment Committee in favor of that reduction is not likely to be adopted. It is safe to presume that the opinion of the Ways and Means Committee, favoring the continuance of the two dollars tax, with the adoption of more stringent measures for its collection, will prove to be the sense of the House. And it is generally understood at Washington that the most efficient and formidable obstacle in the way of a faithful and honest administration of this part of our revenue system is now in a fair way for removal. An honest interpretion of the laws, and their harmonious execution by the Federal authorities acting as a unit once more, will have the effect to shell out the whisky "rings" and all other corrupt and illegal combinations from their present bomb-proof of high official protection.

THE HOUSE RECONSTRUCTION COMMITTEE recommends the admission of Alabama as soon as her Legislature shall have adopted the XIVth Amendatory Article. The report ascribes the failure of Alabama to adopt a Constitution to the prevalence of an unusually severe storm which detained voters from the polls, and to the frauds and intimidation by which the opposition also succeeded in diminishing the vote in its favor. They say that if every registered vote had been polled, there would still have been a large majority for the Constitution, while the "unfortunate" provision which required a majority of the registration would also have been satisfied. The Committee refer to the fact that, in response to the wishes of friends of the Union in that State, the House passed a bill repealing the requirement as to a majority of the registration, but the Senate "unaccountably" suffered this bill to sleep upon its files for two months, taking it up and passing it only after the mischief had been done. This tardy recognition of its principle, the Committee regards as sufficient for the present case.

The House will no doubt act in accordance with the recommendations of the Committee, but it is quite safe to predict that the Senate, which delayed action for so long a period when action was not only justifiable but necessary, will find reasons now, if it had no valid ones before, for subjecting the House bill for admission to a similar fate, at least until impeachment is disposed of.

ANDREW GREGG CURTIN.

Pennsylvania presents to the Republican party of the nation the name of ANDREW GREGG CURTIN for the second office within the gift of the people. No State in the Union can offer a more acceptable candidate, or a more worthy patriot or one whose past services better deserve hearty recognition and endorsement from the grateful loyal masses. Eminently faithful to his country in the darkest hour of treason and rebellion, unyielding in loyalty, unremitting in his efforts to strengthen the arm of the government when danger threatened, he has not only succeeded in making for himself a reputation in this Commonwealth that will live throughout all time on history's brightest page, but his name is treasured as that of a hero, and statesman wherever a soldiers' heart beats or a patriot's soul is lifted to heaven in thanksgiving for the final victory vouchsafed the national arms.

Pennsylvania is proud of her son. His record bears neither the blot of timidity nor the blur of duty ill-discharged. Through six long, weary, dreary years of wasting-war he held the helm of our most loyal of loyal States, and with coursge, cheer and eloquence incited her sons to perform nobly their part in the grand work of maintaining the Government of their fathers—the flag born out of their independence, baptized in their blood. In the Executive Chamber, arranging with a master-hand the dull affairs of State, marshaling and organizing troops for immediate action and reserve; at the side of the Chief Executive of the nation, as counsellor and adviser, with words to enliven and bright hope to cheer and urge to continued and vigorous action; in the camp to gladden the heart of the soldier, and with golden oratory born from burning patriotism, to spur him on to fresh deeds of valor and action; in the hospital at the side of the sick, wounded and dying, whispering consolation, comforting, relieving and kneeling to catch the last words of love, the last message of the heart of the expiring hero to those whose dear forms crowded into his waning memory; as the friend, guardian and protector of the orphans of the nation's defenders, the founder of the benevolent schools for their care and tuition; in these and all his relations to the general Government and the people ANDREW G. CURTIN developed the true characteristics of the statesman, patriot, adviser, comforter, philanthropist and christian. Instinctively the people gathered about him, trusted in his executive ability, relied on his integrity and worshipped him as near as man can be worshipped by confiding fellow beings. When the war terminated and the hand of history marked closed the dark chapter of rebellion and paused while golden peace stould gild the land, the name and fame of GOV. CURTIN was not forgotten. Debarred by constitutional provision the loyal citizens of the Commonwealth could not again select him to preside over the State, but followed him with their love, admiration and gratitude as he retired to private life with the consciousness of having performed his whole duty, and content to rest upon his important share of the common triumph secured by the American people over a wickedly prolonged rebellion.

In speaking out for GRANT, whose bright deeds on the field have emblazed him in the hearts of his countrymen, the Republicans of Pennsylvania have chosen a name worthy to be enrolled alongside that of the brave hero of the war, and the sister States of the Union are invited to fall into line and lend support and secure his nomination for the Vice Presidency. With GRANT and CURTIN at the mast-head, the Keystone State cannot fail to roll up an overwhelming majority for Union Republican principles.

We are pleased with the action of the Convention. Should its recommendation be favorably acted upon at the National meeting in Chicago, victory will perch on our banner in October and November next so sure as there is a sun in heaven or an earth beneath that sun.

THE ALABAMA CLAIMS.

The positive refusal of England to submit to arbitration the two points which are essential to establish her nonliability to this country for the claims growing out of the depredations of the Alabama, has rendered further negotiation futile as between the diplomatists of the two countries, and the international consideration of the question has apparently ceased. But this unsettled posture of an affair which is immediately and remotely filled with the gravest consequences to the two nations, is not only most unsatisfactory to the United States, but is far from being unanimously accepted as just or final in England.

The English side of the question may be stated thus:

1. She claims the absolute right as a neutral to concede belligerent privileges to other nations at war.

2. As a neutral power she maintains her neutrality by her municipal legislation to that end.

3. The sufficiency of that legislation to secure the end of neutrality is a matter entirely within her own discretion.

4. No other power is entitled to question her remissness, in point of fact, in enforcing her neutrality laws within the British Empire.

—And these positions she has held it inconsistent with her national honor and sovereign independence to permit to be called in question by other powers, or to submit them to arbitration.

On the part of the United States this ground is taken:

1. The right of England to concede the privileges of belligerency is admitted as a naked right, but the exercise of that right in the case of the Confederate States was a hasty and unfriendly act.

2. As a neutral power, recognizing belligerent parties, she was responsible for making that neutrality effectual and complete, by enacting and enforcing the proper legislation.

3. If the English legislation to that end already existing was imperfect, it was her bounden duty to amend and perfect it, in order to escape all just responsibility.

4. In point of fact, England was at fault; first, in the imperfection of her municipal legislation to that end; and, second, through her remissness and inefficiency in executing these laws, such as they were.

With these claims on either side, a reference of the dispute to arbitration, or to a mixed commission was impracticable. But the only really substantial conflict of opinion is that touching the right of a power to concede belligerent rights to others. We do not understand LORD STANLEY as now yielding this, nor should we ask it. The position of England in that respect is tenable; it is warranted by international law, and, in fact, this is admitted, substantially by our own diplomatists and writers. We shall suffer, therefore, by relying upon a position which is incarable of defence and should, at once, therefore, surrender that ground. The only serious difficulty in the way of settlement would thus be removed. Arbiters, or a mixed commission, should be fully empowered by both parties—

First—To recognize the absolute right of any power to concede belligerent privileges to others, according to its own supreme discretion.

Second—To declare that this concession must be accompanied by an absolute neutrality in point of fact, as between the powers belligerent.

Taird—To inquire whether this neutrality has been maintained by sufficient municipal legislation, enforced with vigor and good faith; and

Fourth—To investigate and determine all just claims for damages resulting from the failure of the neutral power to maintain its neutrality.

The arbiters are not justified in taking into account any mere unfriendliness, rivalries or jealousies between the powers at issue, but should be properly confined to the consideration of the international law and its application to the given state of facts.

The facts of the Alabama controversy so called were fully stated by Mr. LEFEVRE in the English Commons on Saturday. And he unqualifiedly accepts the American view of the law of nations touching neutrality. It is further and very significantly stated that England, recognizing the insufficiency of her own municipal legislation, instead of amending and perfecting the inadequate law, overstepped it at last, after the Alabama and other privateers had been permitted to leave her ports, and enforced a tardy neutrality by official acts wholly unsupported by the existing legislation, thus admitting her obligations as a neutral and the insufficiency of such legislation as she had provided. Mr. J. S. MILL admits the international law to be as claimed by the United States, and that, upon the question of fact, whether England was bound to prevent such expeditions as that of the Alabama, does not hesitate to declare that reparation is due to the United States. The Ministry and its supporters had nothing to say in reply except to defend the right of conceding belligerent privileges (which as a simple right is not seriously denied by the United States,) to express continued doubts as to any reparation being due, to insist that although negotiation had ceased, yet the question was still open, and to reiterate the belief that it might yet be peacefully and satisfactorily adjusted.

The London press considers the question as now rapidly advancing to an adjustment upon the American basis; which is evidently establishing itself as legal and sound. At Washington, also, the effect of the debate in the House of Commons has been to inspire in diplomatic and Congressional circles great confidence in the new policy with which Mr. D'ISRAELI seems disposed to signalize his advent to power. It needs only that the American Government should meet this new and amicable phase of the question in a corresponding spirit, to ensure a result acceptable to the two great nations.

THERE is a strong probability that the candidate of the Democratic party for the Presidency will be Mr. John T. Hoffman, the present Mayor of New York. The Eastern Democracy have never had any intention of nominating Pendleton, or of acquiescing in his nomination. Hoffman will be the candidate of New York and New England, and probably of Pennsylvania. The South will yield anything that is demanded by the New York mob, and that mob will be for Hoffman as certainly as the Cincinnati mob would be for Pendleton. Hoffman will, of course, be the "bondholders candidate in every sense of the word. A candidate is wanted, and must be had, who can carry New York. It is conceded that Pendleton could not carry the State, even if he could carry the city. Without the hope of securing the electoral vote of New York, there would be no use of running a Presidential ticket at all. No western man traveling upon a patent right for repudiating the public debt, and swamping the business of the country in two thousand millions of irredeemable shinplasters, can ever command the vote of the Empire State.

CIVIL OCCUPATION OF THE GRADUATES OF WEST POINT.—General Colton, in his "Biographical Register of the Officers and Graduates of the United States Military Academy at West Point, gives a list of the positions which the graduates have filled, which is a most honorable record, showing that the benefit derived from the education imparted at this institution is not confined exclusively to military services. Among the graduates there have been 3 members of the Cabinet of the United States; 5 Ministers from the United States to foreign courts; 12 members of the United States Senate or House of Representativer; 5 Mayors of cities; 26 Presidents of Universities and Colleges; 35 Presidents of Railroads; 155 Civil Engineers; 19 Judges; 119 attorneys and counselors-at-law; 1 bishop; 15 clergymen; 78 merchants; 101 planters and farmers; 15 editors, and 75 authors, not to speak of artists, architects, surveyors, &c."

—A buffalo skin overcoat, lined with silk and valued at one thousand dollars, has been sent as a present to Gen. Wool by a friend in Russia.

STATE NEWS.

—A new railroad is about to be commenced in the eastern part of the State. It is to begin at the Peachblossom Ferry, on the Susquehanna, and runs through the Delta, Gatchiville, Dallastown, Small's Mills and a number of other small places to York, where it will join the Northern Central. It will run through the finest limestone region in the State, and passes close by nearly a dozen large grist and saw mills, besides throwing open a large and productive region with fine farms and good water powers. An energetic pushing forward of the new project is desirable in the extreme.

—There were one hundred loaves of bread distributed among the poor in front of the Court House, Williamsport, at twelve o'clock on Friday, and such a distribution will be given every day at that time. Quite a number of women and children received temporary aid. This is a practical way of doing good.

—A gorge in the Conemsugh has flooded the low portions of Johnstown. Several other gorges exist farther up the stream, and fears are entertained of their breaking before the lower one does, in which case the destruction and damage to be anticipated is frightful. As yet no lives have been lost.

—The two furnaces of the Westerman Iron Company, at Sharon, turned out during the four weeks commencing January 12th and closing February 8th, 1,681 tons, and 900 tons of pig iron, being an average yield per day of a little over thirty tons each.

—A nail factory is to be established shortly, at Mechanicsburg, Cumberland.

—A soldier was cleaning his rifle the other day at the Carlisle Barracks, when it went off. One side of his moustache was shot off but no harm was done.

—A two story frame house in Dodgetown was burned last week. The fire originated from the bursting of a kettle of boiling lard in which crullers were being tried. Beware of crullers!

—Scarlet fever is raging among the pupils of the Soldiers Orphans Home at Quakerville.

—York has four building associations all of which are popular and prosperous.

The Two Scenes.

[Correspondence of the Cincinnati Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, March 4.—Three years ago, to-day, a half drunken man swallowed a tumbler full of the best French brandy in the private room of Vice President Hamlin. Too maudlin to comprehend his action, and too high in place to be forcibly restrained, he turned within a moment, and just as the Vice President was seeking to put the bottle in a private closet beyond his reach, he seized it again, poured out another tumbler full, and, to the horror of the on-lookers, swallowed it at a gulp. A moment later, with over a pint of proof brandy thus poured into a stomach already inflamed by a drunken debauch that had lasted from Nashville to Washington, he entered the presence of Abraham Lincoln and his Cabinet, of Chief Justice Chase and the Associates of his exalted Court, of the Ministers of every civilized nation of the world, keeping up diplomatic relations with our own, and of a vast concourse, gathered in times of solemn peril, to witness the re-dedication of the Government to the work of establishing freedom and maintaining the territorial integrity of the Republic.

Before the high assemblage he reeled and staggered to a place where he might be clearly seen of all them; and with incoherent phrase and thick-tongued utterance, told that he was a plebeian, and boasted of his great exaltation, and lectured the diplomatic representatives of Christendom on the moral of the spectacle. And then, while Abraham Lincoln bowed his head in shame, the man maundered on till a subordinate was forced to check him; and, with such assistance as could be given, he was enabled to stumble through the oath of office and become Vice President of the United States.

Now, as we sit where we sat then, and look to the doors of the same chamber, we see the sequel of the career thus begun.

The white-headed Sergeant-at-Arms announces "the Managers of the House of Representatives, to present articles of impeachment." They enter in solemn procession. When the bustle and murmur in the galleries have died out; when the great crowd of Representatives have ranged themselves around the desks and shut in the Senate in the sweep; when the Speaker has gone up beside the President of the Senate, and the two stood where Hamlin and Johnson stood on the shameful 4th of March three years ago, the Managers rise from their seats in the semi-circle within the desks. As they stand, the whispers murmur away into silence through chamber and galleries, till the subdued, solemn tones of the Chairman of the Managers rise upon the stillness. Then follows the sad recital of the acts of the man who swore the oath on the 4th of March, 1865. At its close, the Managers walk slowly down the aisle and retire, followed by the crowd of Representatives that fill the space around the desks.

The scenes are complimentary, and each explains the other.

HAVE YOU A COUGH!

DR. SARGENT'S Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU A COLD?
DR. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ACUTE OR CHRONIC BRONCHITIS
DR. Sargent's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

HAVE YOU ASTHMA OR PHTHISIC?
DR. Sargent's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

HAVE YOU OPPRESSION IN THE CHEST
DR. Sargent's Cough Syrup will relieve you.

HAVE YOU WEAK LUNGS?
DR. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU A SORE THROAT?
DR. Sargent's Cough Syrup will cure you.

HAVE YOU ANY DISEASE OF THE THROAT, LUNGS OR CHEST?
DR. Sargent's Cough Syrup is the best preparation for such diseases you can take.

For sale by all Druggists.

FIFTY CENTS PER BOTTLE.

MENTAL DEPRESSION.

Mental depression is a disease of the nervous system, and, of all the ills flesh is heir to, it is the one that excites the least sympathy. It is a subject of frequent jests, and is called by various cant terms; but, although it is often laughed at, it is not easy to laugh the patient out of the belief that his ills are all real, for it is a real disorder—he general features of which are constant fear, anxiety and gloom. Nocturnal seances, as well as mental facultied, often manifest symptoms of debasement. Noise, as of falling water and ringing in the ears are complained of, while black specks and fiery sparks frequently flit before the visual admonitions like these should not be disregarded, as they may, if neglected, terminate in insanity. The seat of the disease is in the brain and nervous system, and to control the malady it is necessary to tone up a powerful and elasticative, which will correct and tone those organs without inflaming the brain. This is the secret of the success of HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS in cases of this kind, for which it is the safest as well as the best of remedies, in fact it is the only pure and reliable tonic it pleasant known. Many nostrums purporting to be invigorants, but the sufferer had better let them alone. HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS has proven itself, by many years of trial, to be in every respect what it claims to be.

Chronic Diseases

The functions of the human body give way, usually one at a time. A disordered liver, or a slight irritation of the bronchial tubes, an obstruction in the skin or of the renal organs, are sure to be followed by pains and aches in various parts, according to the extent of the organs or functions of injury. A man afflicted with dyspepsia will soon find more than the stomach at fault. The food that he swallows fails to renew the natural wear and waste, the worn out matter is deposited in some nook or cranney, where it causes irritation or pain, when it ought to be brown off and carried out of the system. Hundreds and thousands of just such sufferers have been relieved and restored to health and vigor by a few bottles of DR. KEYSER'S BLOOD SEARCHER, which not only imparts tone to the stomach and digestive organs, but likewise enriches the blood with the elementary principles needful to the restoration of the vital energy of the system. Be careful when you ask for it to get DR. KEYSER'S, for that is the kind, and the only kind, that has cured the numberless cases of disordered and broken constitutions. It was that which cured Mr. Boyd. It was that which cured John Titsell. It was that which cured Margaret McFarland. It was Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher which cured all the old chronic cases which we have published from time to time in these columns. Dr. Keyser's Blood Searcher has cured more cases of chronic diseases than any medicine of recent origin. Sold by the gross, dozen, or single bottle, at the Doctor's great medicine store, No. 140 WOOD STREET.

Dr. Keyser's consultations rooms, Penn St. January 28th, 1868.

1786. PROSPECTUS. 1868.

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE

The largest daily paper in the State of Pennsylvania, enters the 82nd year of its existence with increased facilities for disseminating the current news of the day, and for rendering good political service as the important Presidential Canvass of 1868. The forthcoming session of Congress promises to prove one of the most important held since the formation of the Government, and the proceedings will be anxiously watched by the intelligent masses. In view of the deep interest centered in the proceedings, the proprietors of the GAZETTE have made arrangements for daily dispatches and letters during the session, from a highly intelligent correspondent, who enjoys the confidence and friendship of the leading members of the Senate and House, the heads of the various Departments, and the leading politicians who frequent Washington, so that readers can depend on receiving the first, fullest and most reliable intelligence from the seat of Government.

The proceedings of the State Legislature, at its forthcoming session, will also prove interesting, inasmuch as many questions of importance will come up for legislation. The GAZETTE will keep at the State Capital, during the entire session, an intelligent and faithful correspondent, who will promptly report the proceedings by mail and telegraph.

It is the only political journal of Pittsburgh which faithfully reflects and steadily advocates the principles held by the Union Republican Party, and interpreted by a loyal Congress.

It gives as much reading matter as any paper sold at twelve dollars per annum, while its price is but eight, being the cheapest as well as the largest newspaper in the Commonwealth.

With the enlargement, every department has been strengthened. The high character of its editorial columns will be maintained, and all questions of public importance will be fearlessly discussed.

The news department will be kept up to the requirements of the day, and in consequence will faithfully mirror all the transactions worthy of note of the City, State, Country and world at large, and maintain for the GAZETTE the reputation of a live, enterprising and first class family and commercial newspaper.

Ample space has been reserved for market reports, which can at all times be relied upon as correct, as the current quotations for manufactures, farm products, cattle, &c., &c., are daily gathered from actual sales, by faithful and efficient reporters.

The river news is collected with care, and will prove a very full and reliable feature of the GAZETTE.

The financial news department has been placed in charge of an able and experienced banker, who will render it quite an attractive and useful to bankers, brokers and business men generally.

The religious department will receive the attention due its importance, and will be so conducted as to be pleasing and readable to members of all religious denominations.

The agricultural, art, science, literary, personal and other departments of the paper will be conducted in a manner which will prove satisfactory to the reader.

TERMS OF THE DAILY GAZETTE.

Three Months	$2.50.
Six Months	4.50.
One Year	8.00.

Delivered in Pittsburgh, Allegheny and all the adjacent Boroughs for 15 cents per week, payable to Carriers.

THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

The WEEKLY GAZETTE has been enlarged to the same size as the Daily, and is now the largest, cheapest and best weekly family newspaper in the State. It should be in the house of every farmer, mechanic and business man. It gives forty-eight solid columns of current news by telegraph and mail, to the 1st inst., and is ably, daily, and a choice selection of literary and scientific items, together with everything important pertaining to the world of politics. Its agricultural columns will be found to each a manner as to find favor with the farmer and gardener. The market reports of the WEEKLY GAZETTE are by common consent acknowledged to be the standard authority for both buyers and sellers, and its commercial review is reliable. Pennsylvania, Eastern Ohio and Western Virginia are without equal. The files of the GAZETTE are used exclusively by the Clerk Courts of Allegheny county, as reference in matters of dispute, to determine the ruling prices in the markets at the time of the business transaction in dispute.

Our Agents will favor us by calling up their clients at once, and not allowing their renewal ones to expire, or to be in arrears that some of our readers should be deprived of a weekly visitor. Additions to clubs can be made at any time, at greatly reduced rates. Postmasters and Merchants are requested to act as Agents.

TERMS FOR THE WEEKLY GAZETTE.

Single Subscriber	$2.00.
Clubs of Five	1.75.
Clubs of Ten	1.50.

—and one to the getter up the club.

☞ For specimen copies of either Daily or Weekly, address our proprietors.

FENIMAN REED & CO.
GAZETTE BUILDING,
Nos. 84 and 86 Fifth Street, Pittsburgh.

☞ Country papers in Western Pennsylvania, eastern Ohio and Western Virginia could do a the above, and sending marked paper, will be entitled to one year's exchange with the DAILY GAZETTE.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

WM. KUHNAN, Jr., Adams Express Co's Sec, 56 Fifth Street, is an authorized Agent to receive Advertisements for the GAZETTE, and all other papers throughout the United States and the Canadas.

LIME—200 barrels fresh White LIME for sale by JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

BUTTER—5 Boxes Roll Butter, For sale by JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

GOSHEN CHEESE—100 boxes Choice Goshen Cheese. For sale by JOHN B. CANFIELD & SON.

WHITE LIME.

250 *Barre's White Lime*,

Warranted equal to any in market, in store and for sale by HUGH KNOX,
mh12:m8 No. 121 Liberty St., Pittsburgh.

SECOND-HAND

Melodeons and Organs,

in perfect order, from $15 00 to $150 00.
CHARLOTTE BLUME,
mh12 42 Fifth street, 2d door above Wood.

HITCHCOCK, McCREERY & CO.
WHOLESALE
GRAIN DEALERS,
And Commission Merchants,
No. 249 LIBERTY STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Office, up stairs. mh11:m3

REMOVAL.
The General Foreign Agency,
Managed by the undersigned at the office of the Adams Express Company, has been removed to
No. 70 Fifth Street,
(Chronicle Building, up stairs,) where Passage Tickets to and from Europe, and
Drafts on England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany, France & Switzerland,
Can be procured at lowest rates. Sole agency in Western Pennsylvania for Pacific Mail S. S. Company, for China, Japan and Australia.
WM BINGHAM, Jr.,
No. 70 Fifth street, (up stairs,) Pittsburgh.
mh11:m6

UNIVERSAL
CLOTHES WRINGERS.
We have made arrangements whereby we can furnish to the trade the Universal Wringer at the Manufacturer's wholesale Prices, just quality of wood and iron considered, and those who desire and retail, will always be found on hand.
J. E. H. PHILLIPS,
fe10 35 and 36 St. Clair street.

J. VIENNOT & CO., General NEWSPAPER, CORRESPONDING & ADVERTISING AGENCY,
183 Nassau Street, New York.
(Fifth block in rear.)
REFERENCES: Messrs. H. Greenwald, Druggist, 594 Broadway, New York; Messrs. S. H. Vanderbilt & Co., 189 Greenwich st., New York; Messrs. Hall & Bucket, 24 Green wich st., N. Y.; Messrs. G. Reuss, Son & Co., Type Founders, 3 Chamber's St., New York; Messrs. Bruce & Co., Type Founders, 13 Gold st., N. Y. feb21:m3wf

CHEAP FARMS FOR SALE.
I have now for sale several of the finest farms in Westmoreland and Indiana counties, on reasonable terms, easy pay., and only one dollar of buying or purchase on time. Together. Call and examine for yourself.
G. M. PETTY,
mh4 No. 48 Smithfield street.

WALL PAPERS,
IN GREAT VARIETY,
NEW, BEAUTIFUL AND CHEAP,
AT No. 107 MARKET STREET,
(NEAR FIFTH.)
JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.
fe22

MALT.—20,000 bush. Prime
BARLEY MALT,
For sale by
GILMORE, STRAUB & CO.
MALSTERS, South Canal St., near Chestnut,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
mh9:m3d1w

TO CARPENTERS.—Proposals for the
ERECTION OF A NEW FRAME CHURCH
At Sharon, in Moon township, may be seen on SATURDAY, the 7th of March, at 2 o'clock P. M., where the trustees meet, and drawings at the house of Jeremiah Meek for a few days. Dimensions, 50 by 75 feet. m:fm3d

NOTICE.—All persons are hereby cautioned against negotiating a note drawn by me for $131, and dated by J. A. McGRAW as security, in favor of MARGARET DAVIS, dated 6th February, 1868, as said note was obtained by false representations, and without value received, and will not be paid.
J. P. McGREEL.
Sen'y Allegheny Grocery and Provision Co.
mh5:m3d

GOOD NEWS.
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ask for Ward's. Take none else. fe28

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

☞ NOTICE.—At the annual meeting of the UNION REFINING and STORING COMPANY, held at their office, 58 Liberty street, on MONDAY, the 9th inst., the following officers were elected to serve for the ensuing year:

DIRECTORS—JOSEPH K. HEPATRICK, JAMES LYONS, JOHN P. SCOTT, ROBERT PATTERSON, W. F. LAND, A. EN KIRKPATRICK, JOHN WILSON.
PRESIDENT—JOSEPH KIRKPATRICK.
TREASURER—JAMES L. PERSON.
SECRETARY—WM. F. LAND.
mh11:m6d

☞ THE GREAT REVIVAL at JOHN WESLEY CHAPEL, Pittsburgh, which took place September 1st is still progressing, and one hundred and ten have been converted. When the meeting commenced the membership was only 70 but now numbers 125, and the congregation over 500. We are compelled to build a new church, and we hope the public will assist our Trustees and Building Committee.
JOHN WILLIAMS,
CHARLES MILLER,
DANIEL M'PHERSON,
JOHN PARKER,
WM. ADAMS Rec'd.
JOSEPH DUNCAN,
WILSON DAVIS,
mh12: Rev. N. H. WILLIAMS, Pastor.

NOW READY.
For the Spring Season.
With a large and complete stock of
BOYS, YOUTHS AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.
All the new and leading styles to be found at
NO. 67 ST. CLAIR STREET,
GREY & LOGAN.

HOUSE CLEANING.
HOUSEKEEPERS, ATTENTION.
EXPENSE AND LABOR SAVED.
"Queen of the Wash Tub,"
is the best Fluid for cleaning purposes ever discovered. Indorsed by housekeepers. Cleans paints, floors, dye stuffs, shutters, walls, &c., in a perfect manner. Splendid substitute for soap, and renovator. Removes stains, and restores colors, and whitens linen, money and health. For washing clothes, dishes, &c., is not excelled. Sold by Grocers. Manufactured by the
Hess Manufacturing Co,
Office, No. 136 WOOD ST., Pittsburgh, Pa.

STEAM
CARPET BEATING
ESTABLISHMENT,
Which TEN YEARS' TRIAL in New York and Brooklyn, Eastern Cities, has proved a complete success.
ITS ADVANTAGES.
1st. Fading and shrinkage are completely avoided.
2d. No tearing apart necessary.
3d. Carpets dyed from dirt, moths or their larvæ, the Carpet loses nearly a good as new, and without fading from wear.
4th. When perfectly clean, a Carpet will wear half as well, a disagreeable moth has more joint of enjoyment than looking of books.
☞ All orders left at the office, No. 179 Liberty Street, or addressed to P. O. Box 473, will receive prompt attention.
GEO. L. McCLINTOCK,
mh12 PROPRIETOR.

FOR SALE.
Property near Mansfield for Sale
A very desirable piece of land of 16 acres, more or less, with a two story brick and a good frame house of 8 rooms and cellar, attached to over rolling water in the house. Located on the Ohio river, 2 miles below Beaver, and 1 mile from Station, on the Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R. Terms easy. Apply to or address P. B. Yoder, Economy P. O., Beaver county, Pa.

DANIEL SWOGER, Real Estate and Insurance Agent, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, can secure for sale
A good Frame Dwelling of five rooms large and small, with kitchen and cellar, with lot 20 by 120 feet in front, situate No. 50 Adams street, Allegheny City, for $1,000, which will be a low sum on good terms, as the owner wishes to move West.
Inquire of DANIEL SWOGER, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, on second floor.
mh11:m3

BUILDING LOTS FOR SALE. Two good lots on Sixth (2) street, one on Adams street, and one on Penn (3) street, the former being on the corner of Penn (3) street and Locust Avenue. A number of lots also for sale on Locust Avenue. Apply to
DANIEL SWOGER, No. 77 Federal street, Allegheny City, second floor.
mh11:m3

THE BEST KID GLOVES
IN THE WORLD ARE
Laporte's Paris Kid Gloves,
MEN'S AND WOMEN'S SIZES.
All gloves made by us bear my signature,
Laporte.
FISK, CLARK & FLAGG
Sole Agents for the United States,
No. 58 White St., New York
mh10:m3d1w

STONE DRAIN PIPE,
FOR DRAINAGE,
ALL SIZES, FROM 3 TO 12 INCH
10 000 FEET ON HAND,
AND FOR SALE BY
JOHN M. TATE,
227 Liberty Street, Pittsburgh; and
59 Federal Street, Allegheny.
feb8:m3w1w

PROPOSALS will be received by the Superintendent of Markets for
Laying a Flag Stone Floor
In the Western Market House.
Also, for WHITEWASHING THE FIRST and SECOND STORIES OF SAID HOUSE, and COLORING THE WALLS IN CITY HALL.
Proposals for the above will be received until March 16th, 1868.
For further information inquire of
SAMUEL KILGORE,
mh7:m3d Sup't of Markets.

TO CAPITALISTS.
A Fine Manufacturing Site,
on Western Canal, Allegheny, FOR SALE. Apply to JAMES HOLMES, Allegheny.
Also, FINE BUILDING LOTS in First, Second, Fifth and Sixth Wards.

MORE FINE COUNTRY PROPERTY,
And two or more BRICK HOUSES IN ALLEGHENY, for sale upon the most reasonable terms.
W. S. TAYLOR,
mh5:m3d 45 Ohio street, Allegheny.

HOLMES, BELL & CO.
ANCHOR COTTON MILLS,
PITTSBURGH,
Manufacturers of Heavy, Medium and Light
ANCHOR AND MACHINE
SHEETINGS AND BATTING
OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER AND SUPERVISOR, PITTSBURGH, March 5, 1868.
NOTICE TO PAINTERS.
Sealed Proposals will be received at this office, West Market Building, until TUESDAY, March 10th, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
FOR
PAINTING AND PUTTING UP IRON X BOARDS,
at the different ends of all streets in the third Ward, as per specifications to be seen at this office.
For information as to size of board, &c., apply to this office.
H. J. BOOKE,
mh5:m3d City Engineer and surveyor.

FRINGES,
Gimp Headings,
IN ALL COLORS, JUST OPENED, AT
F. H. EATON'S,
17 FIFTH STREET.
mh5

J. SCHOONMAKER & SON,
PITTSBURGH
White Lead and Color Works,
Manufacturers of
WHITE AND RED LEAD,
GRINDING, PURE BLUE LEAD,
McCOY'S VERDITER GREEN,
And all colors dry or in oil.
WORKS: Nos. 1 and 2 Canal Basin, near Chestnut, ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
mh9:m3d1w

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J. P. McGREEL.
Sen'y Allegheny Grocery and Provision Co.
mh5:m3d

GOOD NEWS.
CHEAP BREAD IN DEAR TIMES.
Enquire for WARD'S BREAD. The largest and best. The initials "H. W." on every loaf. Ask for Ward's. Take none else. fe28

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

STONE QUARRY.
Stone furnished from the APOLLO STONE QUARRY, to order, by the car load, via W. P. R. R. Enquire of
J. FREETLY,
mh12:m10 Apollo, Armstrong Co., Pa.

DISSOLUTION.
THE FIRM OF ROBINSON, McKENNA & CO., of Allegheny City, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent.
J. S. ROBINSON
Will continue the GROCERY BUSINESS at his New Store,
No. 185 Federal Street,
And assumes all liabilities of the old firm.
ROBINSON, McKENNA & CO.
mh12:m2 J. S. ROBINSON.

HOUSEFURNISHING GOODS.
UTICA SHEETING,
PILLOW MUSLIN,
PILLOW LINEN,
TABLE LINEN,
MARSEILLES QUILTS, &c.,
For sale at low prices, by
WHITE, ORR & CO.,
25 FIFTH STREET.
mh12:

GRAND OPENING
OF
Straw & Millinery Goods
Ribbons,
Flowers,
Frames,
AND
French Pattern Bonnets and Hats,
BY
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
ON
Thursday, March 12th,
AT
Nos. 77 & 79 Market Street.
mh12:

PROPOSALS INVITED
THE WATER COMMITTEE OF THE CITY OF PITTSBURGH will receive proposals for furnishing the Water works with
COAL
For furnishing the Lower Works with an supply of not less than 10,000 bushels, to be delivered on the engine House of the Works, Allegheny City, on or before the 1st day of May next, that can be furnished, if required, and charge for each delivery.
Coal required at the Upper Works to be delivered in Engine House, Birmingham.
Bids will be received until 12 M. on the 20th inst., at the office of the Water Committee, and will then be opened in the presence of bidders.
PIPE.
All the Pipe, Branches and Sleeves needed in the Water Works for the year 1868, which will be received for bid 12 feet lengths, all to be made of the best iron.
MISCELLANEOUS CASTINGS.
All the Minor Castings required for repairs and extensions during the year.
FIRE PLUGS AND COCKS.
All the Fire Plugs and Stop Cocks required during the year, including any alterations and repairs of those now in the ground, and any needed in new extensions.
Bids will be received for one or more years, reserving the right to extend the contract for additional years.
REPAIRS OF DAMS IN WALL.
To be done during the year, with a Upper Engine House, and to be paid for as required. Digging, and how some are to be required. Digging, and how some are to be required. Digging, in earth (sand).
The Committee reserve the right to reject any or all bids, payments to be made monthly, on estimates to be furnished by the Engineer in charge of the Water Works, and approved by the Water Committee. Work to be commenced on the Water Works on MONDAY, March 16th, 1868.
JOS. EPPER,
mh9:m3d Superintendent.

MECHANICS' SAVINGS BANK,
No. 14 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
INTEREST PAID ON DEPOSITS, ANY SUM RECEIVED AND PAID BACK AGAIN on demand. Deposits remain subject to check, without interest.
JAMES BLACKMORE, President.
GEO. D. TINDLE, Sec'y and Treas'r.
JAMES H. HOPKINS, Solicitor.
TRUSTEES.
JAMES BLACKMORE, JAS. H. HOPKINS,
ALEX. THOMPSON, JOHN H. AYER,

The Pittsburgh Gazette

A TRAGIC STORY.

TRANSLATED FROM THE GERMAN OF A CHAMISSO, BY W. M. THACKERAY.

There lived a sage in days of Yore
And he a handsome pigtail wore;
But wondered much and sorrowed more,
Because it hung behind him.

He mus'd upon this curious case,
And swore he'd change the pigtail's place,
And have it hanging at his face,
Not dangling there behind him.

Says he, "The mystery I've found;
I'll turn me round," He turned him round,
But still it hung behind him.

Then round and round, and out and in,
All day the puzzle sage did spin;
In vain—it mattered not a pin—
The pigtail hung behind him.

And right and left, and round about,
And up and down, and in and out,
He turned; but still the pigtail stout
Hung heavily behind him.

And though his efforts never slack;
And though he twist and twirl, and tack;
Alas! still faithful to his back
The pigtail hangs behind him.

PERSONAL.

—Frederick Seward was in New York on Monday.

—Mrs. H. B. Stowe is stirring up the colored people in Richmond, Va.

—One hundred dollars a verse or five pounds per line is Tennyson's pay.

—Alexander H. Stephens is residing in Boston. Queer place for him to go to we think.

—E. L. Davenport is going to act in England; he is going by way of California and Australia.

—The greatest mathematician in Europe is said to be the Italian Prime Minister Gen. Menabrea.

—Philadelphia physicianesses are well paid. One returns an income, derived from her practice of $10,000.

—Rev. Morley Punshon is going to move to America from England in order to be able to marry his deceased wife's sister.

—Gen. Samuel D. Lucas, one of the pioneers of Missouri, died at his residence at Independence, on Sunday, aged sixty-nine years.

—Senator Hendricks, of Indiana, requests his friends not to present his name as a candidate for the Presidency. The Senator probably likes to waste his breath.

—Edwin Booth, having long been troubled by importunities to go abroad to play, seems at least to have succumbed. He will begin by playing next month in New Jersey.

—Washington is very gay with amusements. Ole Bull is there, La Grange and Brignoli are there, and so is Blind Tom, Belle Boyd too, and all of the politico-Congressional notables.

—The King of the Belgians has sent a handsome gold watch to the burgomaster of Zele, because he is hale and hearty in the possession of all his faculties and one hundred and two years old.

—Mrs. Senator Sprague thinks Andy is an ill-used man, and tells her father, the Chief Justice, and her husband, the Senator, that he has only stuck up for his rights and that they should aid him.

—Plon-Plon wants his cousin to go to war. Nothing but a good sound *successful* war will restore the popularity of the Napoleonic dynasty, says this disagreeably plain spoken cousin of the *Emperor's*.

—Carlotta is not as crazy as she was; not half. She wrote a letter to ask the Pope to pray for the soul of the ex-Emperor, and her note paper had as deep a black border to it as any note paper could have.

—Charles Dickens, whose greatest merit undoubtedly is the fact that Thackeray praised him, is getting bags ready in which to carry back to England his 30,000 pounds sterling in gold, which Americans have paid for looking at him.

—E. C. Markley, of the well known Philadelphia printing house of Crissy & Markley, died a week ago in Florida, where he had gone in search of health. Not a year ago died Mr. Crissy of the same firm, and the oldest printer in Philadelphia.

—Mr. Gladstone has abandoned the doctrines of Free Trade, and a popular movement is going on in England against it. It is stated that 15,000 tailors alone have been reduced to penury by the want of sufficient protection. If this is so in England what may we not anticipate from it here?

SOUTHERN DOINGS.

—A religious revival has been going on in the Presbyterian Church in Columbus, Ky.

—Bowling Green is to have water works and advertises for contractors to construct them.

—A Richmond paper thinks that the grape and wine production is soon to become a leading Virginia interest.

—Arkansas justice is swift and strong. Three men were recently followed, overtaken at Gaines' Landing, shot and killed for stealing corn.

—Montgomery City (Mo.) had a severe rain and hail storm on the 1st inst. This is the first rain that has fallen on that place since the 4th of July, 1867.

—Carroll county, Kentucky, has a fox hound which wears the champion silver collar, and its owner has challenged all other hounds to contest its right to do so.

—The Black Crook at Atlanta cost the people of Richmond county (Ga.) $10,000. The Augusta *Constitutionalist* calls it the "great immoral exhibition."

—An Alabama newspaper publishes the names of ten white men, said to be all who voted in Perry county at the late election. Of these it accuses eight of being candidates.

—Four hundred and sixty acres of good timbered land in Mississippi within three miles of the Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad were sold at sheriff's sale recently for ninety-one dollars.

—One hundred Germans have settled in South Carolina, twenty miles from Columbia. They are working so very quietly and energetically that the people in the neighborhood think of driving them away.

—The Kentucky farmers are hopeful again. They say that the wheat, rye and barley, although injured, are not completely killed off, and a pretty good crop may still be looked for.

—Justice though tardy is sure, and strikes men even in the third and fourth generations. The family of the great originator of our national troubles, John C. Calhoun, is reduced to penury. He is dead but he suffers in his children.

—Two men, named Hunt and Evans, indulged in a little difficulty in Franklin, Tenn., on Saturday. Evans shot Hunt in the mouth, depriving him of his teeth, his pallet and of the lower part of the back of his head. It is thought that he must die of his wound.

—A lot of little boys in Lebanon, Ky., started to roll a large log down hill, for the fun of the thing. One of the children, named Mattingly, got in front of the log just as it got started and he was rolled out flat and injured so badly that he died a couple of days afterwards.

—A Mr. Bradshawe who lives in the southern part of Missouri, set fire to the prairie grass to burn it from about his stables in order to protect them from prairie fires. After having, as he supposed, secured his property he went shooting. On his return he found his stables, barns and houses all destroyed by the fire which he himself had kindled.

—The Kuklux Klan move about pretty much as they please in Tennessee. On Saturday night a party of about one hundred, masked and fantastically dressed, dashed through Nashville and rode South. What their mission was has not yet been ascertained, but horrid tales of blood and outrage, plunder and terror follow their every appearance as surely as the thunder follows the lightning. A regular counteracting secret society whose oath will bind its members to pursue and punish every Kuklux in the State when discovered, is the only thing that seems capable now of overthrowing and exterminating these maggots which are infesting the dead body of the rebellion.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

A COUGH, A COLD, OR A SORE THROAT requires immediate attention, and should be checked. If allowed to continue,

Irritation of the Lungs, a Permanent Throat Disease, or Consumption,

Is often the result.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

Having a direct influence to the parts, give immediate relief. **For Bronchitis, Asthma, Catarrh, Consumptive and Throat Diseases,** Troches are used with always good success.

Singers and Public Speakers use them to clear and strengthen the voice.

Obtain only "BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES," and do not take any of the WORTHLESS IMITATIONS that may be offered.

SOLD EVERYWHERE. 30DECsAT

WM. BARNHILL & CO.,

BOILER MAKERS

AND

SHEET IRON WORKERS,

Nos. 20, 22, 24 and 26 Penn St.

Having secured a large yard and furnished it with the most approved machinery, we are prepared to manufacture every description of Boilers in the best manner, and warranted equal to any made in the country. Chimneys, Breaching, Fire Beds, Steam Pipes, Locomotive Boilers, Condensers, Salt Pans, Tanks, Oil Stills, Agitators, Settling Pans, Bottom Iron, Bridges, Sugar Pans, and also manufacturers of BARNHILL'S PATENT BOILERS.

Repairing done on the shortest notice. 16thsd

ROBINSON, REA & CO.,

(Successors to ROBINSON, MINIS & MILLER.)

WASHINGTON WORKS,

Founders and Machinists, Pittsburgh,

Manufacturers of Boat and Stationary Steam Engines, Blast Engines, Mill Machinery, Gearing, Shafting, Castings of every description; Oil Tanks and Stills, Roller and Sheet Iron Work.

Office: No. 14 corner First and Smithfield Sts.

Agents for GIFFARD'S PATENT INJECTOR for feeding boilers. 1all rtf

LAKE SUPERIOR

COPPER MILL & SMELTING WORKS,

PITTSBURGH.

PARK, McCURDY & CO.,

Manufacturers of Sheathing, Spikes and Bolt Copper, Pressed Copper Bottoms, Raised Bill Bottoms, Steffer Rudder. Also, Importers and Dealers in Metals, Tin Plate, Sheet Iron, Wire, &c. Constantly on hand Mechanics' Materials and Tools. Warehouse, No. 140 FIRST STREET and 139 SECOND STREET, Pittsburgh.

Special orders of Copper cut to any desired pattern. myl6:dsd6wT

QUINCY A. SCOTT,

DENTIST,

NO. 128 FEDERAL STREET,

m9:dsd:y29 PITTSBURGH.

MANHOOD AND THE VIGOR OF YOUTH restored in four weeks. Cures are guaranteed. DR. HOOK, "ESSENCE OF LIFE" restores manly powers, from whatever cause arising. Effects of early secretions bad habits, self-abuse, impotency and climate give way at once to his wonderful medicine, taken regularly according to directions, which are very simple and require no restraint from business. It is entire failure in no case. Sold in notices at $5, or four quantities will be cure for $20. To be had of the sole agent for all America, R. GRAHAM, 205 Second Ave., New York. 6:dly

PHILOSOPHY OF MARRIAGE, a New Course of Lectures, as delivered at the New York Museum of Anatomy, embracing the subjects, How to live and how to live for; Youth, maturity and Old Age; Manhood generally reviewed; the cause of indigestion, flatulence and nervous ill cases accounted for; Marriage philosophically considered, &c. Pocket volume containing these lectures will be forwarded to parties unable to attend, on receipt of four stamps, by addressing: SECRETARY, New York Museum of Anatomy, 618 Broadway, New York. fe28:d&wT:THS

MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY.—An Essay for Young Men on the Cause of Solitude, and the DISEASES and ABUSES which create impediments to MARRIAGE, with sure means of relief. Sent in sealed letter envelopes, free of charge. Address Dr. J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, Howard Association, Philadelphia, Pa. 1ad1aAF

A GREAT FAMILY CONVENIENCE.

A new and novel arrangement for having

HOT WATER BOILERS

attached to the back end of common cook stoves, so that the waste heats which goes up the stove-pipe heats all the water needed in any ordinary sized family, by passing the blaze directly through the boiler, which fits over the top hole of the stove. This new arrangement can be put on to any No. 7 stove or Cooking Stove of any manufacture. Any person having a THOMPSON, VICTORY, BLACK OAK HEATER or UNION STOVE, or almost any other Cook Stove now in use, can have Hot Water Boilers attached to their Stoves, including the Attachment, the Boiler and Lining, and Sink, for the moderate cost of SEVEN DOLLARS, by applying to

BISSELL & CO.,

No. 328 LIBERTY STREET.

Manufacturers of the Triumph Cook Stove.

SAMUEL M. WICKERSHAM

Iron Broker,

134 First Street,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

Agent for the sale of Cornwall, Donaghmore, Josephine, Isabella, Duncannon, Stanhope, Glendon, and other brands of Anthracite, Youghiogheny Coke and Shpanett's C. E. Charcoal Pig Irons.

Consignments and orders respectfully solicited. 1ad

MALT.—500 BUSHELS

FALL BARLEY MALT

RECEIVED AND FOR SALE BY

McBANE & ANJER,

141 WATER STREET.

Pittsburgh, January 23, 1868.

PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY, Manufacturers of

PRINTING AND WRAPPING PAPERS

CLINTON MILL, STEUBENVILLE, OHIO.
BRIGHTON MILL, NEW BRIGHTON, PA.

OFFICE AND WAREHOUSE,

No. 82 Third Street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

OFFICERS—August Hartje, President. Jno. E. Livingston, Treas'r. Samuel Riddle, Secretary.

DIRECTORS—August Hartje, John Atwell, S. H. Hartman, John H. Livingston.

Cash Paid for Paper Stock.

1-29-1866

HARDWARE.

H. WOLF, JR., & CO.,

DEALERS IN

Hardware & Cutlery.

Are now receiving largest stocks to our stock which is offered to Dealers at

EASTERN PRICES.

Corner Liberty and St. Clair Sts., Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE.

THE FIRM OF LAUGHEAD & HARE have made an assignment for the benefit of creditors to JACOB SUSH and BENJ. LOUTHER. All persons having claims against said firm will present them as soon as possible, and all persons indebted to the same will please settle their accounts at the office of the undersigned.

J. RUSH & CO.,

No. 237 Beaver avenue,

Allegheny City.

fe2:d7th

CANCERS POSITIVELY CURED

Without the use of the KNIFE or CAUSTIC, and with

Comparatively Little Pain.

Reliable in its effects IN ALL CASES. Demonstrated beyond the

POSSIBILITY OF A DOUBT.

Send for Circulars, References, &c. Address

DR. T. J. KISNER,

WHEELING, W. VA.

1a30:d&w52

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.

JOS. SYMONS. JAS. M'KAY. ROBERT LIDDELL.

SPENCER, M'KAY & CO.,

MALSTERS AND BREWERS

OF

Ale, Porter and Brown Stout,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

ROBERT WATSON, Manager. oct4

JAPANNING,

PLAIN AND ORNAMENTAL BY

WILLIAM LLOYD,

No. 3 St. Clair Street, PITTSBURGH, Pa.

Grocers' Tea Canisters Re-Japanned equal to new. au17:d&w

MARTIN LIEBLEIN,

DEALER IN

HATS, CAPS AND FURS,

Also, Manufacturer, Wholesale and Retail Dealer in TRUNKS, VALISES, &c.

No. 132 Smithfield st., Pittsburgh, Pa

Orders promptly filled, and satisfaction guaranteed.

OFFICE OF CITY ENGINEER,
ALLEGHENY CITY, February 19, 1868.

THE REPORT OF VIEWERS appointed to assess benefits and damages arising from the opening of

WASHINGTON STREET,

in the City of Allegheny, is on file at this office, and will be open for inspection until MONDAY, the 23d. CHAS. ANSTED,
fe20:2td City Engineer

NOTICE—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that we will sell, for wharfage, a BOAT HOUSE and FLOAT lying at Lawrenceville landing, near the Mill run, for account of whom it may concern, on the

14TH DAY OF MARCH,

Unless claimed and charges paid prior to that date. BROOKS, BALLANTINE & CO.

February 14th, 1868. fe15:d10t

JOHN PECK, ORNAMENTAL HAIR WORKER AND PERFUMER, 99 Fourth street, one door from Wood, Pittsburgh. Always on hand a general assortment of ladies' Wigs, Bands, Curls; Gentlemen's Wigs, Toupees, Scalps, Guard Chains, Bracelets, &c.

A good price in cash will be given for long hair.

Ladies' and gentlemen's hair-cutting done in the neatest manner. mh1:1yr

DRY GOODS, TRIMMINGS, AT

WM. SEMPLE'S,

Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street, Allegheny City, Pa.

A very large lot of short lengths of

DELAINES,
PRINTS,
ALPACCAS,
PLAIDS,
CASSIMERES, &c.,

Will be arranged for sale on

Wednesday & Thursday Mornings,

AT 8 O'CLOCK.

Good bargains will be given.

ON FRIDAY,

Will open a large stock of

Colored Kid Gloves, at 75c.

A great bargain, at

WM. SEMPLE'S,

180 & 182 Federal St., Allegheny.

mh10:

SECOND ARRIVAL OF

SPRING GOODS.

We have constantly on hand a full line of

WHITE GOODS,

COMPRISING

BARRED AND SWISS MUSLINS; PLAIN NAINSOOK AND SWISS; SOFT FINISH CAMBRIC; BARRED ORGANDIES.

MORRISON'S TAR SHIRTS,

SELLING AT EASTERN PRICES.

We have a splendid line of

Spring and Summer Hosiery,

AT VERY LOW PRICES.

Our stock of CORSETS is completely full.

We have a very good line of

Collars for Ladies and Gentlemen.

MACRUM, GLYDE & CO,

78 & 80 Market St.

mh10

A PERFECT FITTING GLOVE.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 Fifth Street,

INVITE ATTENTION TO THEIR

KID GLOVE DEPARTMENT,

Which is now complete with every color and shade. They have just opened 100 DOZEN of the celebrated

A. C. C. (Jouvin,) KIDS,

Imported especially to our order. Hundreds of our customers can testify to their perfect cut and faultless quality. The colors were got up from shade of dress material, selected and furnished by us, and are really

Elegant and Desirable.

The assortment includes BLACK, WHITE, DARK COLORS, MEDIUM COLORS, and OPERA OR PARTY COLORS.

SIZES—5½ TO 8.

MACRUM & CARLISLE,

19 FIFTH STREET.

fe29:

NEW GOODS

JUST RECEIVED, AT

J. M. BURCHFIELD & CO.'S,

No. 97 MARKET STREET.

BLEACHED MUSLINS,

CALICOES AND CRASH,

ENTIRE STOCK OF GOODS

CLOSING OUT.

To make room for extending the Store Room back.

Remember the place.

No. 87 Market Street.

jn24

1868. FEBRUARY. 1868.

ARBUTHNOT, SHANNON & CO.,

WHOLESALE

DRY GOODS,

No. 115 Wood St., Pittsburgh,

Have now open a LARGE NEW STOCK, which they offer at

LESS THAN PRESENT EASTERN PRICES,

Merchants desiring to assort up, and save the advance, should call at

No. 115 WOOD STREET.

DENNISON & HECKERT,

27 Fifth Street.

Fine Furs for Holiday Presents.

FANCY BOXES.
FINE SCARFS AND MUFFLERS.
MORRISON'S STAR SHIRTS.
All kinds of FANCY JEWELRY.
WOOL & MERINO UNDERGARMENTS.
KID GLOVES, HANDKERCHIEFS.
HOSIERY, NECK TIES, SUSPENDERS.
CORSETS and HOOP SKIRTS.
FANCY FANS.

All our goods at reduced prices, in order to close out our whole stock. dec24

CARR, McCANDLESS & CO.,

(Late Wilson, Carr & Co.,)

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS,

No. 94 WOOD STREET,

third house above Diamond alley,

PITTSBURGH, Pa.

NEW ORLEANS

SUGAR AND MOLASSES,

In store and to arrive.

550 hhds. N. O. Sugar, prime to choice;
500 bbls. Plantation Molasses, prime to choice.
10 " " prime Carolina Rice.
500 " extra N. O.

With a large and general assortment of all kinds of WHOLESALE GROCERIES, goods in our line, for sale low to the trade, by

JOHN I. MOUSE & BROS,

Corner Smithfield and Water streets.

mh13:m34

JOHN D. BAILEY & BRO.,

STOCK AND REAL ESTATE BROKERS AND AUCTIONEERS,

Are prepared to sell at Auction, Stocks, Bonds and all kinds of Securities, Real Estate, Household Furniture, &c., either on the premises or at the Board of Trade Rooms.

Particular attention paid, as heretofore, to the sale of Real Estate at private sale.

Sales of Real Estate in the country attended to.

Office, 108 FOURTH STREET. o23

CARPETS, OIL CLOTHS, &c

SPRING STOCK

OF

CARPETS,

JUST OPENING.

LARGE ASSORTMENT.

ALL QUALITIES

LOWEST PRICES

IN THE CITY.

Special Inducements to those who buy to sell.

BOVARD, ROSE & CO.,

81 Fifth Street,

mh10:d&wF (OVER BATES & HELL'S.)

JUST IMPORTED,

And Especially Adapted to this Market,

VELVET CARPETS,

OF MOST ELEGANT DESIGNS.

English Body & Tapestry Brussels,

INGRAINS AND HEMPS,

The FINEST ASSORTMENT and the LOWEST PRICES IN THE CITY.

COMMON CARPETS,

25 Cents a Yard.

OLIVER M'CLINTOCK & CO.,

No. 23 Fifth Street.

fe27:

SPRING SALES.

CARPETS

HAVE CERTAINLY REACHED

BOTTOM PRICES.

McCALLUM BROS.,

Offer a large assortment of all kinds of CARPETS, at a reduction from previous season's prices UNPARALLELED SINCE THE CLOSE OF THE WAR.

OIL CLOTHS,

Of every goods and decidedly the largest stock in any house in the city.

McCALLUM BROTHERS

51 Fifth Street, above Wood.

fe10:

FEBRUARY.....1868.

NEW CARPETS!

OUR CUSTOMERS WILL FIND

Our New Spring Stock,

Which we are just opening, unequalled in extent and variety, and the prices

Lower than any New or Old Goods

in the market, of equal qualities and styles,

McFARLAND & COLLINS,

71 AND 73 FIFTH STREET.

fe14:d&T (SECOND FLOOR.)

MERCHANT TAILORS.

SPECIAL NOTICE,

To Purchasers of Clothing.

CRAY & LOGAN,

47 St. Clair Street,

In order to close out their still large assortment of

Boys', Youth's and Children's

CLOTHING,

Are now offering goods at DECIDED BARGAINS.

BOYS' SUITS FOR $5.00!

All other goods equally low.

CRAY & LOGAN,

No. 47 St. Clair Street.

ja24:d&T

WINTER GOODS.

E HOUSTON & CO.,

Fashionable Merchant Tailors,

No. 27 FIFTH STREET.

Have just received a second supply of

Winter Coatings,

Together with full lines of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, &c., at reduced prices. All guaranteed and prices very reasonable.

A full supply of Men and Boys' READY MADE CLOTHING on hand, at prices to suit the times. fe26:d&w

P. McARDLE.

Merchant Tailor,

No. 93½ Smithfield St., Pittsburgh.

Keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of

CLOTHS, CASSIMERES & VESTINGS,

ALSO, GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS.

GENT'S CLOTHING MADE TO ORDER, in the latest styles.

MERCHANT TAILORS.

JONES & DUFF,

No. 3 ST. CLAIR STREET, have just brought from the east a full supply of WINTER GOODS, CASSIMERES, COATINGS, CASSINETTS, &c., which they are prepared to cut and make up in the latest style to order on short notice. They are determined to deserve and hope to receive a liberal patronage. no20

CONFECTIONERIES &c.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CELEBRATIONS, PICNICS, DINNER PARTIES, &c., furnished with the best

ICE CREAM, CONFECTIONARIES, CAKES, FRUITS, &c.

at the lowest price and on the shortest notice, by

JULIUS RICHTER,

No. 18 DIAMOND, Allegheny.

fe26:m2mF

HENRY W. HORBACH,

Confectionery and Bakery,

No. 200 SMITHFIELD STREET,

Between Seventh and Liberty.

LADIES' OYSTER SALOON attached.

GEORGE BEAVEN,

CANDY MANUFACTURER,

And Dealer in Foreign and American FRUITS, PICKLES, NUTS, &c.,

118 FEDERAL STREET, second door from the First National Bank, Allegheny City.

DYERS AND SCOURERS.

H. J. LANCE,

Nos. 125 and 127 Third Street

DYER AND SCOURER.

Straw Goods Cleaned or Dyed

KID GLOVES and LADIES' PLUMES cleaned or dyed.

C. G. FISHER'S

FANCY

Dyeing and Scouring Establishment

No. 61 DIAMOND ALLEY,

Between Wood and Smithfield streets,

PITTSBURGH, PA.

All goods received in two weeks. Goods left under the control of the owner twelve months. no16:d

TO MINERS OF IRON ORE.—A Company owning a very large Iron Ore Property in Pennsylvania, from which ore has been mined for a furnace for more than seventy years, are desirous to enter into a contract with responsible parties for the mining of ore from their property for market, during a term of years, or on shares. As may be agreed upon. No one need apply but those who are practically acquainted with the modes of mining Iron Ore, and have means sufficient to carry on the various energetically and economically. Address HENRY D. MOORE, apply to Philadelphia.

fe24:3t 2020, Walnut Street, Philadelphia.

STOVES! STOVES!

FREDERICK SCHULZE

Copper, Tin and Sheet Iron Ware,

Dealer in Cutlery, Cooking, Parlor and Heating Stoves, Fenders, Britania and Block Tin Ware, No. 118 WOOD STREET, near Washington. Enamelled and tinned Ware, wholesale and retail. All Jobbing and Repairing promptly attended to.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that applica ion will be made to the Governor for the pardon of CHARLES H. STAIN, convicted at No. 307, Sept. Sess., 1867, Sessions, Oct. 25, 1867, of manslaughter. Sentenced Nov. 1, 1867. mh2

MEDICAL.

A GREAT

CURE OF ASTHMA.

I feel myself under obligations to you, as well as a duty I owe to others who have been like sufferers with myself, to order that they may know where they can get cured. I had been subject to violent, continued attacks of ASTHMA for more than six years, and had been to great expense and to various medical men of experience without obtaining any permanent relief. relieved at all. I was so bad that I never knew when it was to be free from the disease. I had to sit up in bed every night for weeks and weeks, without any prospect or hope of cure. My condition was such that I felt like a burthen, and when I got an attack I felt in danger of suffocating every moment. So terrible had been my suffering that my mother says that she has seen me so near suffocation that I was nearly black in the face from the desperate efforts made to get breath. In the cold winter nights, many a night, with the doors and windows of the house thrown wide open, in order to hinder the apparent danger of strangulation. In this condition, on the 15th of October, 1866, I saving heard of DR. KEYSER'S skill in curing this disease. I called on him, in company with my husband, Joseph Moyers, but I must confess, with a great deal of doubt as to effecting a permanent cure. Dr. KEYSER examined me carefully, and my lungs all over, with his LUNG SOUND, and told me that with care I would get well. I persevered with his medicines for over a year, and am today in vigorous health, and TOTALLY FREE FROM THE ASTHMA, and its to ribly disagreeable attendants. I have had, once in awhile, a slight attack of the disease, but I regard my calth as entirely re-established, nd if I do have any attack, a few doses of the Doctor's medicine immediately relieves it. I cannot feel too thankful for the exemption from a disease which used to cost me whole weeks and months of loss of sleep, besides suffering which none but those who are subject to this disease can fully appreciate or describe.

NANCY MEYERS,
MARY MOUNT JOY, (her mother,)
GEORGIANA FISHER.

Birmingham, Dec. 9, 1867.

The cure of Mrs. Myers, recited above, is one of more than ordinary importance, because of the violence of the attack, their continued duration, and the great prostration of all the vital powers attending the disease. Any one who knew her during the time she was a sufferer from the disease of which she was cured, and will look at her now, the very picture of robust health, cannot but admit that the cure is one of more than ordinary character, inasmuch as we hear of Asthma every day of our lives, being a disease of incurable nature. Let those who doubt investigate for themselves.

DR. KEYSER'S RESIDENT CONSULTING OFFICE FOR LUNG EXAMINATIONS AND THE TREATMENT OF OBSTINATE CHRONIC DISEASES, No. 129 PENN STREET, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M.

DEAFNESS, HARD HEARING,

Discharges from the Ear, Polypus of the Ear, Catarrh, Coens, Blind Eyes, Inflamed Eyes, Every Species of Sore Eyes and Eyelids, Successfully Treated by Dr. Keyser, 129 Penn Street.

SIGHT RESTORED.

The case to which we allude some weeks ago, of Christiana Fisher, in this county, is now entirely confirmed by the appearance of Miss Fisher herself, who to-day called on DR. KEYSER in person, to thank him for his kindness and skill in restoring her to ENTIRE AND PERFECT SIGHT. Miss Fisher had been near ly blind for four months. She was so blind tha s could not distinguish any object so as be able to describe it. She was in the neighborhood is hundreds of cases like hers are done ed to never-ending darkness, on the flimsy pretext that there is no cure, and nothing can be done. She was under the care of DR. KEYSER for two months, and before she applied to him, through her brother, SIMON P. FISHER, slight hopes were entertained of her ever getting her sight, after only a few weeks' treatment. She and where she resides, and has been regarded as one of extraordinary recovery.

We, the undersigned, know of the case of Miss Fisher, and bear willing testimony to the fact above stated.

CHRISTIAN FISHER,
SIMON P. FISHER, (Brother,)
ANNIE BRADLEY,
Taylor avenue, Allegheny;
EDWARD MCCARTHY,
Miss Christiana Fisher, (her niece.)

September 27th, 1867.

S. B. Brown, Philip Friday, Rachel Lemmon, H. N. Tenkin, A. H. Cavit, J. W. Commodorfer, Wm. Jenkins, Mitchell Smith, Jas. A. Fleming, H. S. Fleming, Susan Lemmon, Mary Lemmon, Wm. Alison, Mrs. Alison, Thomas Gallagher, T. L. Young, Jas. Lemmon, J. F. Mitchell, A. M. Clowendorfer, Jacob Hoffman, G. Lineudorf r, J. F. Hoffman, A. M. Morrison, Robert Morrison, Christiana Noland, Lucinda Gordon, N. Funkhouser, Mrs. Fleming, G. Fisher, (her brother.

Lizzie Noland, Tillie Maxwell, Mary Brown, T. M. Maxwell, Mary Brown, Mary J. Brown, Jane A. Brown, Mary Wolfe, Mary T. Wolfe, Nancy M. Hazen, Mary B. Morrison, Wm. M. Morrison, Jennie Wilson, Jennie Wilson, Mary E. Wilson, Sarah Patton, Jennie Patton, Martha Patton, Sadie E. Dobbs, Jane E. Dobbs, J. W. Dobbs, Wm. H. Penny, Mrs. Penny, Williamina Fisher, (her mother.)

The case above referred to was entirely cured by medicines to purify the blood, and it is with pleasure I append my name to this testimonial to Miss Fisher, and have a knowledge of her total restoration to health, and the recovery of her sight, as the accompanying letter of her brother sets forth.

DR. KEYSER—This is the list of names that have to your advertisement of the cure of my sis r, Christiana Fisher. They were all willing to put their names to it, but I thought one name was enough. Now, I will tell you how she was before she took your medicine. She had been highly spoken of and put myself under his treatment The Doctor examined my lungs very carefully with his LUNG SOUND, and told me that my left lung was badly diseased at the upper part, but if I was careful he thought he could cure me by following his directions closely, which I did from that day to this. I gradually improved under Dr. K.'s medicines from the first week I commenced to take them, and my general health has improved and my chest, where it was sunken away, and where it pained me, has become full and strong and free from pain. I can now do a full day's work, and take great pleasure in giving my testimony in favor of Dr. Keyser's treatment and medicines.

S. P. FISHER, North Sewickley.

PITTSBURGH, April 11th, 1867.

DR. KEYSER'S PECTORAL SYRUP AND KEYSER'S LUNG CURE.

Can be had at his GREAT MEDICINE STORE, 140 WOOD STREET. Consultation room, No. 129 PENN STREET, from 9 A. M. until 4 P. M. de10:d&F

CLOTHES WRINGERS REPAIRED.—All the different makes of Clothes Wringers repaired, at the India Rubber Depot, 55 and 57 St. Clair street. J. & H. PHILLIPS.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

2,000,000 ACRE

OF

CHOICE LANDS FOR SALE

BY THE

Union Pacific Railway Co.,

EASTERN DIVISION.

Lying along the line of their road, at

$1.00 to $5.00 Per Acre,

AND ON A CREDIT OF FIVE YEARS.

For particulars, maps, &c., address

JOHN P. DEVEREUX,

Land Commissioner, Topeka, Kansas.

Or, CHAS. B. LAMBORN, Sec'y,

St. Louis, Missouri.

au16

FARM AT PUBLIC SALE.—The undersigned will expose to Public Sale,

THURSDAY, MARCH 5TH,

A well improved Farm, situated at Huston's Station, P. R. R., two miles west of New Florence, Westmoreland county, Pa., containing 264 acres of good land, suitable for grazing, farming or the cultivation of grapes. The whole tract is well watered by ever failing springs, and a well of never failing water in the barn yard. The land is all underlaid with a vein of coal, ranging from 7 to 8 feet. The improvements are good frame house, containing nine rooms; a good frame bank barn, 40 by 60 feet; good tenant's house; three spare orchards of good grafted fruit, together with a variety of pear, peach and cherry trees. The land will be sold either in whole or lots, to suit purchasers. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock P. M., when terms will be made known.

fe24:10t MWF JAMES WATT.

FRAME COTTAGE,

SITUATE IN MT. WASHINGTON,

Within 25 minutes' walk of the Monongahela bridge. The house contains five rooms, a cellar of and water. Lot 100 feet front by 200 feet deep, fronting on three streets. On the lot are 400 full bearing grape vines of five different varie ies, also all kinds of shrubbery, such as gooseberries, blackberries, strawberries and currants; also, peach, pear, apple, quince and cherry trees. Will be sold cheap. Inquire of

STEEL & WILSON,

Brokers and Real Estate Agents,

No 66 Smithfield street.

ja26

PUBLIC SALE.—On Saturday, February 29th, 1868, HOUSE AND LOT in one of the most desirable locations in Manchester, fronting on the main street and a handsome avenue, east of the cemetery. The above is seven miles from Pittsburgh, on the line of the P. C. & A. R. R. The house is a two story frame, containing six large rooms, all well finished, cellar under all the house. Lot well fenced and good large garden, and the best of water. For further particulars inquire on the premises, HALL, 139 Liberty street, or the undersigned, on the premises. A. W. EWING, Executor, Allegheny county, Pa. 1622

FOR SALE AND TO LET.—Houses and Lots for sale in all parts of the city and suburbs. Also, several Farms in good locations. Also, a small Woolen Factory, with twenty acres of land, and good improvements, which I will sell cheap and on reasonable terms. Business Houses to let on good streets. Private Dwelling Houses for rent in localities.

For further particulars inquire of

WILLIAM WARD,
110 Grant street,
Between Second and Third avenues.

ja22

A COAL WORKS FOR SALE, capable of running 5,000 bushels daily, including tenant houses, store house, fatz, boiler and engine house, &c. Also, 100 feet front by 200 feet deep, fronting on three streets. On the lot are 400 full bearing grape vines of five different varieties

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

CITY AND SUBURBAN.

THE COURTS.

District Court—Judge Hampton.

WEDNESDAY, March 11.—In the case of Pugh vs. Conway, previously reported, the jury found a verdict for defendant.

Camp, Moye & Co. vs McPherson & Kerr. Action to recover $248.97, claimed to be due on a book account. The plaintiffs were grocers, and the defendants proprietors of the Scott House. The defence produced a receipt for the bill purporting to be signed for the plaintiffs by M'Bride, a salesman in the store. The plaintiffs claimed that the receipt was given by M'Bride in payment of a board bill due defendants, and that he had no authority whatever for receipting the bill on behalf of the firm. The jury found for plaintiffs in the sum of $261.82.

C. A. Whitacre vs. John Gates. Action to recover on a note. Verdict in favor of plaintiff for $1,020.

List for Thursday:

15. Lawrenceville Savings Bank vs. Barrett, Anderson & Morrow.
21. G. W. Dash vs. Jeffrey Barnett.
22. T. M. Sholes vs. Sarver & Brown.
24. K. Hodge vs. Barnhisel & Sulzer.
27. J. F. Beckham vs. Merriman & Co.
32. G. W. Wilds vs. Jas. Trainer et al.
33. W. P. Jones vs. P. R Mertz.
34. Pitts. L. & B. Ass. vs. M. Dravo.

Common Pleas—Judge Sterrett.

WEDNESDAY, March 11.—In the case of Linsier vs. Anthony Young and John Hershauser, reported yesterday, the jury found for the defendant.

A motion for a new trial was made on the part of the defendant in the case of Tower vs. Vanvoorhis.

The case of McAleer for use of McKirdy & McGinniss, vs. Duncan, Stewart & Co., was next taken up. This was an action to recover $1,100 for work and labor done. Verdict for plaintiff for $1,59.52.

The next case taken up was that of Edward McGinniss vs. Robert Douglass. This was an action for ejectment for a piece of ground situate in Chartiers township. On trial.

In the case of Paul & Wilson et. al. vs. Sproul & Co., a rule was granted on plaintiffs to show why the execution granted should not be set aside, and in the meantime all proceedings to be stayed, and the lien of the execution to remain.

List for Thursday:

131. Hoganmiller vs. Ihmsen et al.
132. Bolton vs. same.
133. Harris vs. same.
134. Breno vs. same.
18. Duck Creek Oil Co. vs. Knap.
19. Underhill vs. Taylor.
21. Rout vs. Smith.
24. Finley vs. McMahon.
26. Weddle vs. Guckenheimer et al.
28. Burns vs. Aungst et al.

Quarter Sessions—Judge Mellon.

WEDNESDAY, March 11.—We erred in reporting that the jury in the case of John Taompson, indictment felonious assault and battery, on complaint of Cyrus Miller, found a verdict of guilty of assault and battery. The jury acquitted and the defendant was discharged.

Joseph Fisher, Daniel Gordon and John H. Clark, all colored, were placed on trial on three indictments—two for felonious assault and battery upon John and Alfred Gabby, and one for riot, on oath of Michael Geier. The defendants were engaged in the affray which occurred on Wood street, Third ward, Allegheny, in January last, which terminated in the shooting of the brothers Gabby, and the "cleaning out" of a colored house of ill repute on North Avenue, in which the colored men had taken refuge from an excited crowd of white persons. The disturbance first commenced in the beer saloon kept by Michael Geier, at Second and West streets, but was continued on the street, where the shooting occurred. The case went to the jury, but no verdict had been rendered at adjournment.

David Shaffer, toll gatherer on one of the Saw Mill Run ferry boats, was indicted for larceny as bailee. Mr. John Gleason, residing at Corks Run. The prosecutor testified that a short time since, having crossed the river on the ferry, he gave the defendant a ten dollar bill out of which to take toll. Defendant handed him ninety-five cents, maintaining that he had received a "one dollar bill." That prosecutor insisted that he had given him a "ten." The defendant was positive that he was correct in his statement, and refused to make change for more than a one dollar bill. The case was on trial at adjournment.

Real Estate Transfers.

The following deeds were admitted of record by H. Snively, Esq., Recorder, March 10th, 1868:

William Hemphill to David Hemphill, Feb. 13th, 1868, a tract of land in West Deer township, containing 76 acres and two perches.....$2,500

H. M. Brackenridge to David Hemphill, Dec. 24th, 1861; lots Nos. 10 and 11 in the borough of Tarentum, on Railroad street, 134 by 264 feet.....$225

Francis Rahm to William Holmes, Nov. 29th, 1867; lots Nos. 79 and 80 in Duhamel and Reis' plan of lots in East Pittsburgh, fronting on Fillmore street, 207 feet.....$1,550

David G. King to William Kerns, Dec. 6th, 1867, lot in Union township, containing 9 acres and 56-100 perches...$50

Edward Ingraham to Hannah S. Westervelt, Sept. 11th, 1867, tract of land in Chartiers township containing 2 acres and 39 perches.....$1,000

Victor Schnider to John Seegar, February 10th, 1868, lot on Centre street, Birmingham, 121 by 80 feet.....$500

Daniel Smaltzried to John Hamil, Feb. 18th, 1868, lot on Larkin's Alley, East Birmingham, 20 by 60 feet.....$600

Amand Noll to Amand Fierl & William Wigand, March 5th, 1868, the undivided third part of a lot on Penn street, 9th Ward, Pittsburgh, 20 by 130 feet $50

Amand Fierl et al. to Enos Emil Johnson, et. al. lot on Penn street, 9th Ward, Pittsburgh, 12 by 120 feet,$1,150

T. Mullin to Ann Tyler, February 6th, 1868, lot at the corner of Enoch and Davidson street, 7th Ward, Allegheny, 24 by 495 feet.....$1,150

Benjamin Bakewell, et. al. Trustees, to D. D. Ramsay, July 7th, 1864, let on Beaver street, Manchester, 40 by 140 feet.....$800

Patrick Keenan to William S. Taylor, Nov. 14, 1867, lots No. 5 and 5 on Beaver street, Manchester, 40 by 140 feet..$1,850

Samuel P. Coon to John Geisler, Nov. 2, 1867, tract of land in Penn township, containing 8 acres and 91 perches...$514

Andrew D. Smith to Charles James Buckley, Feb. 25, 1868, lot on Craig street, Allegheny, 20 by 110 feet.....$800

George Breed's executors to Louis A. and John Hoffman, Feb. 25, 1868, lot on Sarah street, in the "Reserve Tract" in McClure township, 140 by 170 feet, with buildings.....$10,000

W. S. Taylor to John Hamilton, March 5, 1868, lot on Beaver street, 6th Ward, Allegheny, 20 by 140 feet.....$1,100

Samuel W. Vandegrift to Thomas Crawford, Feb. 1, 1866, lot in Liberty township, fronting on Centre street 20 feet and extending back eighty feet to an alley.....$235

John Bougers to William Schultz, Oct. 1, 1866, lot on Sarah street, East Birmingham, 20 by 120 feet.....$825

William Schlutz to Valentine Venzel, Oct. 22, 1866, the above described lot $750

M. F. Duthiefs to John Campbell et al., Nov. 11th, 1867, tract of land in Indiana township, containing 8 acres and 11 perches with buildings.....$6,000

William Bingham, jr., guardian of Margaret McGill, to William Thaw, Nov. 16th, 1867, the undivided one-tenth of a lot at the corner of Wood and Third street, 21 by 125 feet.....$3 450

William Bingham et al. to William Thaw, Nov. 16th, 1867; the undivided two-tenths of the above described property $6,900

Samuel McClurkan to William Thaw, Nov. 15th, 1867; o e undivided tenth part of the above lot.....$3,000

S. Schuyer, jr. assignee and James D. McGill to William Thaw, Nov. 23d, 1867; the one undivided tenth of the above lot.....$3,400

Geo. H. Anderson to William Thaw, Nov. 12th, 1868; the undivided half of the above lot.....$17,250

Robbery.

William Wosmuth, a farmer, residing in Robinson township, was robbed on Tuesday evening by George Almut, of eighty dollars. Almut, it appears, was employed as a hand on the farm, and being familiar with the house, knew that the money was kept in a trunk. Tuesday morning, shortly after breakfast, he left the house in his shirt sleeves, saying that he was going to the Postoffice, which was about half a mile distant, to mail a letter. He did not return as expected, and at twelve o'clock Mr. W., who had been at work on the farm, returned to the house, and upon going to the trunk found that it had been broken open and the eighty dollars, which was all the money it contained, taken out. Suspicion at once fell upon Almut, and a son of Mr. Wosmuth's started in pursuit of him. He came to the city and made the matter known to the police, giving a description of the man; but at last accounts he had obtained no clue as to his whereabouts.

A Female Row.—Eliza Kent, yesterday made information before Mayor Blackmore charging Ellen Mary and Rebecca Haskins with assault and battery, and also an information for surety of the peace. There appears to have been a war raging between the parties for some time past. A warrant was issued.

Released on Bail.—John Johnson, who was arrested on a charge of felonious assault and battery, by stabbing Isaac Johnson, a colored man, a full account of which we published on Tuesday, was released on giving bail in the sum of $1,000. The injured man is rapidly recovering from his wounds.

The Streets.—The Street Commissioners of the different districts are actively working to have the streets put in proper condition. A few more days of such pleasant weather as we have had during the present week and our streets will present quite a different appearance.

Millvale Borough Council—Organization—Election of Officers, &c.

The members elect of the Council of the new borough of Millvale, erected out of portions of Duquesne borough and Shaler township, met in the public school house last evening for the purpose of organizing.

The meeting was called to order by John G. Williams, Burgess, and on motion John G. Brown, Esq., was appointed Clerk *pro tem.* The roll of members elect was called and the following answered: Burgess Williams, D. Johnston, D. Demsey, M. O'Donnell, F. Seebrook, E. Coats J. G. Brown. The oath of office was administered by Mr. Brown, after which he was sworn in by the Burgess.

Councils then proceeded to an election of officers to serve for the ensuing year, with the following result:

Solicitor—F. A. Collier; Street Commissioner—Hugh A. Woods; Collector—A. McF. Johnson; Treasurer—E. A. Reed; Wharf Master—Josiah Riley. The election of clerk was deferred. The Burgess announced the following standing committees: Finance — Messrs. Johnson, Coats and O'Donnell; Ordinances—Messrs. Coates, Seebrook and Dempsey.

On Motion the Burgess was authorized to procure a competent person to prepare a plot of the borough, and to confer with Mr. M'Hendry as to the cost of establishing the grades of streets.

A motion was adopted fixing the first Wednesday evening of each month as the time for holding regular meetings of the Council.

M. A. Maddox was elected janitor, after which Council adjourned.

Amusements.

OPERA HOUSE.—M'lle Zoe played the "Greek Corsair" at the Opera House to a large audience, last night. Her acting was unexceptional, and the entire audience evinced their approbation of it by repeated *encores.* The entertainment concluded with "Robert Emmett," which was rendered by the company in an admirable manner. To-night M'lle Zoe gives us the "Wizzard Skiff" and the "Broken Sword." The skillful manner in which she handles the broad sword, is only equalled by the wonderful powers of endurance she exhibits.

OLD FOLKS CONCERT.—This evening, at Masonic Hall, the "Old Folks Concert," which was given a short time since, will be repeated. As some of the best musical talent in the city is engaged in the entertainment, a rich treat may be anticipated. During the entertainment several interesting and amusing features will be introduced, among which will be an olden time singing school, with tallow candles. Tickets for sale at the music and book stores and at the door.

Pittsburgh Female College—Annual Literary Contest.

To-morrow evening the friends and patrons of that sterling and deservedly popular institution of our city, the Pittsburgh Feruale College, are offered an intellectual treat, in the annual essay contest. Heretofore their contests have excited great interest, the entertainments being of the highest order, and we feel sure the coming occasion will not prove an exception in this regard. Instrumental and vocal music will add much to the pleasure of the evening. It has been arranged to close the exercises in time to allow those attending from the rural districts to return home by late trains of the Pennsylvania Central and Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago Railroads. The judges selected for the occasion are Dr. S. H. Nesbitt, editor of the *Christian Advocate*, Dr. James Allison, editor of the *Presbyterian Banner*, and Dr. L. F. Morgan, Pastor of Christ's Church.

Vaupell & Webber

The well-known photographic artists, corner of Fifth and Market streets, are about to dissolve their co-partnership. Persons having "work" there are requested to call and take it away before the first of April. Mr. Webber will still continue in the business at Nos. 2 and 4 St. Clair street, near the Suspension bridge, in conjunction with Mr. Allbee, who begs to see his old patrons, and merit a continuance of their favors. They will have the quickest working light in the city, and will do quite an extensive business in taking life size portraits. Mr. Allbee will pay his attention to landscape views, private residences, &c., stereoscopic and plain All persons who call will be afforded effect satisfaction.

Sale of Unclaimed Freight.

The sale of unclaimed freight in the hands of the Adams Express Company, which took place Monday and Tuesday at the auction rooms of Palmer & Phillips, No. 60 Fifth street, was largely attended, and the amount of goods sold in so short a time appears almost incredible. A large sum of money was realized to the Company by the sale, and many excellent bargains were purchased. The firm of Palmer & Phillips is growing into favor very rapidly, and is now one of the leading auction establishments in the city. The members of the firm are well known and enjoy a high reputation for honesty, promptness and efficiency in business.

Daring Robbery.—Yesterday between twelve and one o'clock, some enterprising and decidedly daring thief entered the house of Mrs. Gazzam, 4th Avenue, went up stairs to a bed room and took from a bureau drawer fifty-five dollars in greenbacks, seven or eight dollars in silver, and a silver watch and hair chain. The theft was discovered by Mrs. G. about one o'clock. She went to the room for something and found the drawers of the bureau broken open and rifled of the most valuable portion of their contents.

Malicious Mischief.—Michael Furey made information before—Alderman Thomas yesterday, charging Patrick Leonard with malicious mischief. Furey alleges that Leonard came to his house, kicked his door down and demolished the windows. A warrant was issued, the defendant arrested, and after a hearing was committed to jail in default of the required bail for his appearance at Court.

A Public Nuisance.—Wilson N. Fleming made information before Mayor Blackmore, yesterday, charging D. W. C. Bidwell and Henry Phipps, Jr., with maintaining a public nuisance. The accused are proprietors of a powder magazine near Four Mile Run, which Flemming avers the citizens demand to have removed. A warrant was issued.

Recaptured.—Mary Sheehan, who has for some time past been an inmate of the insane department of the City Poor Farm, made her escape a few days since, was arrested last evening and taken to the lock-up. She will be returned to-day.

Committed.—Petro Hardi, charged before Justice Ammon of East Birmingham, on oath of Johanna Fink, with rape, was arrested and after a hearing committed to jail in default of the required bail for his appearance at Court.

Funeral of A. V. Scott.—The funeral of Mr. Alex. V. Scott will take place this afternoon, at two o'clock. The funeral services will be held in the Sixth Presbyterian Church, (Rev. Prof. Wilson's,) Franklin street.

Accident.—John Evans, foreman of the blacksmith shops at Anderson & Cook's Steel Works, had the thumb of his right hand cut off at the first joint yesterday morning, while engaged at work at the shears.

The Lock-Up.—Business was quite dull at the lock-up last night. There were but five cases on hand at twelve o'clock, all "drunks" and "disorderlies," except one, an insane woman.

Allegheny Councils.—A regular semi-monthly meeting of Allegheny City Councils will be held in the Council Chambers, City Building, this (Thursday) evening, March 12th, at 7 o'clock.

No Trouble.—To show persons what they want if they only call at No. 89 Market street and see one of the finest selection of Boots and Shoes that can be had at reduced prices. Mr. Robb having just returned from the east is now prepared to suit persons wanting anything in his line. Large sign of boot in front of 89 Market street.

To City and Country Merchants.—Having abundantly supplied ourselves with goods before the late extreme advance in prices, we are prepared to sell at less than eastern prices, and invite an examination of our stock.

J. W. RAMEN & Co.,
59 Market street.

We are constantly selling out of choice bargains, and as constantly getting on new ones; therefore visit us early and often, at the Opera House Auction Rooms, No. 60 Fifth street.

Private sales this day and evening, at Palmer & Phillips.

Fresh Groceries.—The enterprising grocery and produce firm of Messrs. McBride & George, No. 164 Federal st., Allegheny City, daily receive fresh invoices of choice groceries, embracing everything in their line, which they offer their wholesale and retail patrons at very reasonable prices.

Prints, 6¼, 10 and 12½c, old prices, at Barker's,

CITY ITEMS.

Good Pure Lozenges,

Cream Candies, Walnut and Almond Candy, Jordan and Cream Almonds, Marsh Mallow Drops, Jelly, Liquorice and Hard Gum Drops, Fine and Common Mixed Candies, Cream Chocolates, Cream Dates, Cream Bon Bons, Colt's Foot Rock, Fig Paste, Greennoble Walnuts, Pecans, Soft Shell Almonds, Arabian and Barbara Dates, Figs, Raisins, Prunes, Preparations of Cocoa Nut Maillard, Whitman and Baker's Chocolates, Spiced Salmon, Extracts, Extract of Beef, Condensed Milk, Cross & Blackwell's Pickles, Sauces, Olives, Catsups, Essences of Shrimps and Anchovies, Mustards, Marmalade, Fresh Fruits, in glass and cans, Jams, Preserves, Jellies, Spiced Oysters Finest Olive Oil, Gelatine, Prunelios, Citron, Lemon Peel, &c., &c.

Call and examine at 112 Federal street, Allegheny city. GEORGE BEAVEN.

The Continental.

In speaking of the "Continental" we do not refer to the Continental Congress or the Continental money in use some ninety years ago, but it is to the Continental Dining Saloon on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice, of which our friend Mr. Wm. Holtzheimer is the proprietor, that we desire to call attention. Mr. H. understands his business perfectly, as the excellent manner in which the "Continental" is "run" gives ample evidence. It is certainly a model saloon, as its patrons can fully testify. The tables of the "Continental" are always supplied with the best the market affords, of everything in the line of eatables, and the style in which dishes are served is unsurpassable. When you want anything good to eat go to Holtzheimer's, on Fifth street, next door to the Postoffice.

Weather Inconvenience.—The present weather is very likely to produce serious inconvenience to housekeepers, in the way of bursted pipes in houses, yards and on streets. To those of our friends so annoyed, we commend Mr. T. T. Ewens, practical steam and gas fitter and plumber, No. 165 Wood street. He attends to repairing or new work of every description in the very best manner, at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms. We commend him as a thorough and finished workman, and as in every respect worthy the patronage of the community.

The Fashionable watering places and country resorts are preparing for the coming season, and so is our friend Joseph Lieber, proprietor of the Premium Trunk Factory, No. 104 Wood street. He has in store some of the finest selections of trunks, carpet sacks, valises, and traveling bags of all descriptions he offers his wholesale, jobbing and retail patrons at very reasonable prices. Any of our readers needing anything in this line are earnestly recommended to favor this exclusively trunk house with a purchasing visit.

Reineman, Meyran & Scidle's elegant and palatial new building will be ready for occupation within a few days, and will be opened with the finest stock of jewelry, watches, clocks, &c., ever brought to this city. In the meanwhile great bargains are offered at the old stand, No. 29 Fifth street, as the firm are anxious to close out their entire stock, now and before moving, but fresh goods in their new establishment.

Canned Fruits, pure mustards, rich spices, unadulterated syrups, fragrant coffees, fine and coarse sugars, best raisins, citrons, dried fruits and other housekeeping supplies at very reasonable prices will be found at the old established tea mart of Joseph A. Robinson, No. 20 Fifth street. The entire stock is fresh and cannot fail to afford the highest satisfaction to purchasers.

Why not Buy when you can buy so cheap? The way we are selling goods at private sales, day and evening, is convincing the most skeptical that the cheapest place to buy is at Palmer & Phillips, No. 60 Fifth street. Boots, shoes, hats, caps, clothing, dry goods, jewelry, furs, hats, caps and notions at auction prices.

Fresh Groceries.—The enterprising grocery and produce firm of Messrs. McBride & George, No. 164 Federal st., Allegheny City, daily receive fresh invoices of choice groceries, embracing everything in their line, which they offer their wholesale and retail patrons at very reasonable prices.

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Buyers of Dry Goods, at wholesale, should see our stock and prices before buying. BARKER & Co.,
No. 59 Market street.

At Morehead's popular and fashionable retail trimming notion house, No. 81 Market street, new novelties are daily being received from the Eastern market. Ladies cannot fail to get suited in any article in the line which they may desire.

The best place in the city to procure fashionable trimmings, embroideries, laces, edgings, insertings, gloves, hosiery, &c., is at the well known house of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market street. Prices as low as the lowest.

Furniture, Carpets, Queensware, Mirrors, Cutlery and Sundries at auction on Friday, (to-morrow) at 10 A. M. and 2 P. M., at the Opera House Auction Rooms, No. 60 Fifth street. Palmer & Phillips, Auctioneers.

Cashmere Black and Colored Centres and Black Paisley Long and Square Shawls, in variety and very cheap, at Barker's.

Table Linen.—More of those very great bargains at Barker's.

All the Novelties of the season in the way of trimmings, lace goods, embroideries, ribbons and notions generally kept, consantly on hand at W. W. Moorhead's, No. 81 Market street.

Spring Dress Goods.—Already can some of the styles in these be found at Barker's, and at prices, too, surprisingly low.

See Barker's 12½ cent. Shirting Muslin. This is worth 16c.

Eye, Ear, Throat and Lung Diseases, and chronic Catarrh of the head successfully treated by Dr. Aborn, 134 Smithfield street. His books by mail on receipt of fifty cents.

More of those one dollar Kid Gloves, at Barker's.

New Goods are daily received at the popular retail tri mming and notion house of W. W. Moorhead, No. 81 Market str

Muslins 6¼, 9 and 10 cents, at Barker's.

Boys' Wear, for Spring, at Barker's.

The New Skirt, at Barker's.

STEAMSHIPS.

STEAM TO AND FROM
LIVERPOOL & QUEENSTOWN, Ireland
EVERY WEEK.

THE INMAN LINE,
SAILING EVERY SATURDAY—EVERY WEDNESDAY from Pier 45, North River, foot of Canal street, for Queenstown and Liverpool.
RATES OF PASSAGE:
To and from Ireland, England, Scotland, Germany and France. Apply at the Company's office,
WM. BINGHAM, Jr.,
Exclusive Agent to Book Cabin Passage
54 FIFTH STREET,
Adams Express Office, Pittsburgh, Pa.

JACKSONS'
UNIVERSAL
WASHING COMPOUND.
AN ENTIRELY NEW PREPARATION.

We are now engaged in manufacturing this valuable article for cleansing purposes, which we have confidence will give entire satisfaction.

HOUSEKEEPERS
PLEASE TRY IT.

With it you can save at least from three to five hours' hard labor on the wash board, besides money, time and fuel.

For Paint it is invaluable, because it cleans them easily and makes them brighter.

It is also useful for SCRUBBING FLOORS, WASHING DISHES, &c. It is warranted to contain

NO LIME,

or other injurious article. For sale by GROCERS and DRUGGISTS generally, and wholesale and retail at our office and Salesroom, No. 59 FOURTH STREET.

GEO R SLATER & CO.

MARBLE AND SLATE MANTLES
At the Pittsburgh Steam Marble & Slate Works

Office and Warerooms—319 and 321 LIBERTY STREET. Mantle Warerooms on second floor.

Persons wanting Marble or Slate Mantles will find it to their interest to call. Workmanship not excelled in any place, and prices as low as in Eastern cities. Marble Mantles or Furniture Slabs which have become disfigured by smoke, oils or acids, can be Marbleized, as made to look as well as new.

There is no other place in Western Pennsylvania where Slate Mantles are manufactured.

All kinds of Marble Work done to the best manner. Marble Cutters supplied with Sawed Marble at Eastern prices, carriage added.

W. W. WALLACE.

noldsdAT

STAMPS, BRANDS AND STENCILS.—I am prepared at all times to fill orders for steel Stamps, Branding Irons, for marking cotton bales, Brands for barrels, also, Stencils for marking barrels, boxes and small packages. I use manufacture small Stencils for marking clothing and fine linen goods.

JAMES BOWN,
126 Wood street.
mr3:TuT

$10 A DAY FOR ALL.—Stencil Tool Samples free. Address A. J. FULLAM, Springfield, Vt. m23:6m

PH. R. MERTZ,
BANKER AND BROKER,
118 Wood St., near corner of Fifth.
Government Securities,
Gold, Silver,
And Coupons.

Bought and sold on liberal terms. Drafts sold on all the principal cities of Europe.

CONVERSION OF 7-30'S.

We are now prepared to convert the SECOND and THIRD SERIES of

SEVEN-THIRTIES

INTO THE

New 1867 5-20 Gold Coupon Bonds.

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,

Dealers in Government Securities,
Corner Fourth & Wood Streets.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
WEDNESDAY, March 11, 1868. }

The gold market was steady to-day at 139¼, the lowest quotation was 139¼, and the highest 139⅝, with very light transactions. It does not seem as if gold had reached its lowest point before any influence of the May coupon payment is exerted; the tendency is still downward, so long as there is no political agitation and our exports continue as heavy as heretofore. The amount of coupons that have exceeded twenty millions, which is covered by the shipment of 12 millions of specie, but recently our exports have been heavy, which, by taking into consideration the large amounts of foreign capital held here for investment and still coming in, may effect the remaining difference between export and import.

Government bonds were very dull and lower to-day, with large offers to sell; the advance of the rate on call loans, and the unfavorable bank statement have had a depressing influence on the bonds, more so than the bills introduced in Congress to force holders to an acceptance of 5 per cent. gold interest. Little confidence is placed in the proposition to issue more national money, as a means to improve the business of the country. The stock market is gradually drooping for want of cheap money.

An anticipated further decline in Government bonds has released a large amount of money seeking investment in the local securities and Railroad bonds; considerable amounts of Allegheny Valley Railroad bonds have been transferred from Philadelphia. Pittsburgh and Connellsville bonds are more in favor.

Business is beginning to be more active, but it is nothing compared with the seasons of 1867 and 1866—everybody is trying to curtail expenses.

Closing New York quotations, received by Ph. R. Mertz, are as follows:

6-20s, 1862, 1864, 1865, 110½; 5-20s, 1862, 109½; 1864, 107½; 1865, 1867, 107⅝; Coupons, 10 4-5s; 10-40s, 101; 7-30s, 105¾.

Cleveland & Pittsburgh R. R.....
Morehants' Union Express.....
Western Union Telegraph.....
Erie R. R.....
Pittsburgh Fort Wayne & Chicago R. R.
Cleveland & Pittsburgh—common.....
Northwestern—preferred.....
New York Central.....
Ohio and Mississippi Certificates.....
Michigan Southern.....
Corydon.....
Illinois Central.....
Quicksilver.....

—The New York Times states that Mr. Jay Cooke has written to Senator Sherman a letter protesting against any and all attempts, by threat or otherwise, to alarm or impair the confidence of the bondholders of the United States. Its sound reasoning and logical deductions from the legislation of Congress during the war, concern alike all the bondholders of the United States, as it would be an act of policy to attempt to discriminate in the intrinsic value or security of any class of bonds paying interest in gold, and the principal on which must in good faith be paid in gold coin. None of the bonds can be funded to par at all, if an exception is attempted, where the very first great loan not provided the means in gold for both principal and interest, to with: the customs revenues upon the surplus of which, in gold, the sinking fund has now a claim equal to 1 per cent. a year upon the whole public debt as it stood at the close, respectively, of the five years ending with 1863, 1864, 1865, 1866 and 1867. That this fund has not been properly instituted or administered by the Secretary of the Treasury is not the fault of Congress. That it may yet be attended to, and at an early day, through the application of part of the surplus gold that should belong to it, we have some reason to hope, it only to the extent of the arrearages due to the 5-20 bonds, and 7-30 bonds of June, 1867, which compounded to the 30th June next, are equivalent to about $85,000,000 in gold, or $50,000,000 in currency. This provision is the real at solution to the questions of the disposition of the excess of gold revenues over the annual charge upon them for gold interest, and of the gradual reimbursement of the principal of the gold-bearing public debt; and the Secretary of the Treasury in this sinking fund should not be impaired by the joint resolution of March, 1864, which conferred authority upon the Secretary to dispose of the gold in the Treasury. What the customs revenues thus pledged to be collected exclusively in gold, and to be applied to the public debt, have yielded since the act of February, 1862, as compared with the currency duties, is thus stated by the act, may be illustrated by the following tables, bearing in mind that the act recited, first, the payment of the annual interest on the funded debt; secondly, "to the purchase or payment of one per centum of the entire debt of the United States, to be made within each fiscal year after the 1st of July, 1862;" and thirdly, the residue thereof to be paid into the Treasury, for its general uses, including such principal of the pre-existing public debt as it fell due:

CUSTOMS DURING THE WAR.

June 30, 1863, customs received.....	$ 69,059,643
June 30, 1864, customs received.....	102,316,152
June 30, 1865, customs received.....	84,928,260
Total to close of the war.....	$255,304,054
Gold interest 1863.....	23,000,000
Gold interest 1864.....	47,000,000
Gold interest 1865.....	68,000,000
Together.....	138,000,000
Demand notes paid off.....	58,000,000
Loan of 1847 paid off.....	2,850,000
Texas indemnity paid off.....	3,259,000
Total.....	$191,000,000
Add as—	
Due Sinking Fund 1863..$10,967,931	
Due Sinking Fund 1864.. 17,406,904	
Due Sinking Fund 1865.. 26,925,930	$246,319,764
Leaving after Sinking Fund and $60,000,000 principal.....	$10,084,290
Interest on 5-20s, 1865, customs received.....	$179,045,000
June 30, 1866, customs received.....	176,416,000
June 30, 1867, customs received and estimated.....	163,387,000
Total three years.....	$418,846,000
Gold interest 1866.....	$ 64,000,000
Gold interest 1867.....	91,000,000
Gold in. erest 1868.....	110,000,000
Together.....	$264,000,000
Principal of loans 1847-8.....	3,000,000
Due Sinking Fund 1866..	26,105,000
Due Sinking Fund 1867..	25,118,000
Due Sinking Fund 1868..	25,000,000
	$353,123,000
Leaving after Sink'g Fund, &c.	$ 49,723,000

—Closing quotations as received by James T. Brady & Co.:

Gold.....	139¼
U. S. 6s, 1881.....	107½
" 5-20s, 1862.....	107½
" 5-20s, 1864.....	107½
" 5-20s, 1865.....	107½
" 10-40s.....	101
5-20s, Jan. and July, '65.....	106¾
5-20s, Jan. and July, '67.....	106¾
June, 7 30s.....	105¾
July, 7 30s.....	105¾
May Coupons, 1865.....	118

PITTSBURGH PETROLEUM MARKET

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE, }
WEDNESDAY, March 11, 1868. }

CRUDE—The market was exceedingly quiet and rather dull to-day, the transactions, in the aggregate, being unusually light, and, compared with yesterday, prices are a shade lower. We can report a sale of 240 bbls, in bulk rate, for immediate delivery, at 8c, and 1000 bbls for the month, seller's option, at 8¼c. We are cognizant of an offer to sell April at 8¼, with 8c offered. These figures contrasted with those of Monday and Tuesday, show a decline of from one quarter to one-half cent per gallon, and even at the reduction, the demand was by no means urgent, buyers, as is nearly always the case on a declining market, seeming disposed to hold off in expectation of a still further reduction. Oil City telegrams quote at 8¾@8¾c.

REFINED—The market for bonded oil was also dull and weak to-day, and as in the case of crude, prices are a shade lower. The last half of March, which sold yesterday at 24½@24¾c, was effected to-day at 24c without finding takers. While there was nothing said in regard to it, we presume that future deliveries are offered as well as present, though, as has been the case for some time, there is little or no oil offering in this market, and the great proportion of the sales reported for some days past were purchases in Philadelphia on Pittsburgh account—bought by Pittsburgh refiners and speculators to cover "short" sales.

REFINED—In quantity, with a steady demand at 25c, delivered in Philadelphia. Residuum is very dull and cannot be correctly quoted, in consequence of the fact that there are no sales on which to base a quotation.

OIL SHIPPED AWAY BY A. V. R. R.

Waring & King, 275 bbls benzole to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Lockhart & Frew, 485 do do to Warden, Frew & Co., Philadelphia.
P. Weisenberger & Co., 106 do do to Waring, King & Co., Philadelphia.
Clark & Sumner, 160 do do to P. Wright & Son, Philadelphia.
McElroy & Bro., 60 do do to Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
Fawcett, Logan & Steckdale, 150 do do to Logan & Bro., Philadelphia.
OIL SHIPPED AWAY AT DUQUESNE DEPOT.
H. M. Long & Co., 110 bbls refined to Tack, Bro. & Co., Philadelphia.
McKenna & Rogers, 8 do do to A. F. Phipps, Philadelphia.

Chicago Cattle Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

CHICAGO, March 11.—Beef cattle neglected and lower, closing with a downward tendency; $6@6.75 for light steers; $7@7.50 for fair to good do. Hogs active and excited at an advance of 15@25c on the lower and 40@50 on the upper qualities; sales at $7.90@8.50 for light; $8.25 for medium, and $8.35@9 for good to choice. Receipts—3,029 hogs. Shipments—1,922 hogs.

Financial Matters in New York

Gold Closed at 139¾@139¾.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 11, 1868.

MONEY AND GOLD.

Money stringent at 7 per cent. sharp for call loans; discount is difficulty at 7@8. Sterling nominal at 9½@9¾. Gold steady; opened at 139¾; declined to 139⅝; advanced to 139¾, and closed at 139¾@139⅝.

GOVERNMENTS

Weak and lower. Henry, Clews & Co. furnish the annexed 4.30 quotations: Coupons of '81, 110¾@110⅝; do of '62, 109⅝@109⅝; do '64, 107¼@107⅜; do of '65, 10 5/8@108; do new, 106¼@106½; do of '67, 107⅛; 10-40's, 101@101¼; 7-30's, 105¼@105⅝.

STOCKS.

The sudden closeness of money has necessitated a good deal of realizing upon stocks, and prices have fallen off ½@1 per cent. Erie has been less affected by the tying up of money than was expected, the blow being especially intended for the stocks. The market was stronger towards the close, with a general recovery from the lowest point.

The Express says it is now evident that of the ten millions of dollars of convertible bonds of the Erie Company, authorized by the Executive Committee, from $5,000,000 to $7,000,000 have been converted with common stock and sold on the street. This was done through Fisk, Belden & Co. This firm have been getting checks, and have been held, thus virtually locking up greenbacks. The firm in question keep an account with the Tenth National Bank, and the Association has therefore become a creditor to the clearing house to a very large amount. The certified checks were drawn by Belden, and the officers and directors requested Fisk, Belden & Co. to turn in the checks and take the greenbacks and also withdraw their accounts. This is really the cause of money stringency.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

Canton 62@62½; Cumberland 33½; Wells, Farger & Co. 40@40¼; American Express, 56¾; Adams, 72@73¼; United States 69¾@70¼; Merchants Union 32½@33; Quicksilver 21¾@22; do. preferred 39¼; Pacific Mail 131@132; Atlantic Mail 99½; Western Union Telegraph 34; New York Central 125¾@127½; Erie 79@79¾; do. preferred 79¼; Hudson River 124½@125; Reading 96¾@97; Ohio Certificates 30¾; Wabash 81@81¾; St. Paul 51@51¾; do. preferred 67¾; Northwestern 60¾@61; do. preferred 79¾@79¾; Fort Wayne 110¾@110¾; Hartford and Erie 14@14½; Hannibal and St. Joe 27½@28; Illinois Central 122½@123; Cleveland and Pittsville 103¾; T. H. preferred 73; Missouris 67; Tennessees 68½; new 69½.

MINING SHARES.

Mining shares quiet and lower; Gregory 37½; Quartz 15; Smith & Parmlee 27½.

SUB-TREASURY RECEIPTS.

Receipts and Treasury $1,320,000; payments $21,956; balance $102,900,132.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[By Telegraph to the Pittsburgh Gazette.]

NEW YORK, March 11.—The Dry Goods Market is still inactive, although there is apparently a more general inquiry and prices are steady for cotton goods. There is more activity and firmness in the Liverpool Cotton Market. Henry Brown Shoetings of No. 1 brakes are in firm request at 16c. Brown Drills, like the Boots A 12 and Cabot A Shirtings being 18c; Lacona H, 18½c; Amoskeag A, 19c; Lawrence XX, 20c; Pontoosuc A 18c; Naumkeag, 16c; Pepperell E, 17½c; Marion extra 12½c; Great Falls 16 Shirting, 15c; Warren A A, 13½c. Prints are in steady but moderate demand at 14@16c for popular makes. Dunnel shows some handiness at 20@21c for 4-4 and 22@24c